

(89)



**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
имени М.В. ЛОМОНОСОВА**

ОЛИМПИАДНАЯ РАБОТА

Наименование олимпиады школьников: «Ломоносов»

Профиль олимпиады: **Английский язык**

ФИО участника олимпиады: **Рахмакунова Лилия Ахматовна**

Класс: **11**

Технический балл: **89**

Дата проведения: **05 марта 2022 года**

YUCTOBUK

(1)

Блок 1

A. 1. False. Aleksandr Nevsky was indeed elected, however, Edward I was crowned, which means he inherited the position from his father.

2. False. Aleksandr Nevsky was known for his multiple victories against the Germans, the Finns etc.

^{3.} He was also a military commander.
3. True. Aleksandr Nevsky was married to the daughter of a prince and Edward I was married to Queen Eleanor.

4. True. Edward I had anger management issues, that he had to overcome.

5. Not stated.

6. False. Aleksandr was known for being a willing collaborator and Edward had mastered the skill of patient negotiation.

7. True. Aleksandr was the reason for the ~~exchange~~ in the constitutional basis of rule in his city.

8. True. Edward I was known by the name "English Justinian" and Aleksandr had

helped with the problem of the Mongol yoke. Aleksandr may have reduced the suffering of the common people.

15

УЧТОВУР

B.

the Greedy King

Once upon a time there lived king Nathaniel of Wonderland. He was known for his royal bloodline of magnificent kings. He preferred to be blissfully ignorant and that was his ultimate weakness.

There used to be a legend about the untold riches of Wonderland. King Nathaniel had his eye on a necklace from the legend. It was rumored to make the owner the richest man alive. "I'm willing to trade all the money I've inherited for that necklace."¹⁴ said Nathaniel.

One day king Nathaniel got an offer from his tradesman. He was so nervous from the anticipation that he didn't ~~suspect~~ suspect the betrayal. Instead of an exchange the king was threatened into giving up the money. The kingdom lost all its money and Nathaniel couldn't save it.

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БЛОК 2

- Hello dear listeners! It's your favourite host Amy and today I'm joined by William Shakespeare. He is a famous playwright from Stratford-upon-Avon. He represents several literary movements such as romanticism and classicism. We've gathered here today to discuss the current trends in science, however, let's ~~talk~~ about science in general ~~at~~ first. William, do people of your time believe in the power of science?
- Hello Amy. To be quite blunt, I don't believe in science as the ultimate power, if you will. Neither do most ~~the~~ people from my generation. I'm certain that we all have our own fate that we can't escape. We are all born into this world for a reason, whether we fit in or not, and there's nothing we can do about it. A great example would be Hamlet, the poor misunderstood soul.
- Well, that's a fascinating take on reality. As for me, I think nowadays science is a great weapon to overcome said "fate". Scientist are always on the verge of a breakthrough whether it's a cure for some illness or a new gadget. Tell me, William, if there is no science for your generation, then what about medicine?

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- I believe that medicine is the only thing our generations have in common. Though in my time it's not called medicine per se. We have alchemy, which deals with various potions and substances. It's more like ~~chemistry~~ chemistry but more traditional. For medicine we use remedies made from natural resources. This is probably the closest thing to medicine that we have and you can see the similarities yourself.
- Nowadays medicine is used to save a persons life. Is it the same in your time?
- Not exactly. Mostly, yes, & potions and creams are used to save someone. However, it's quite common for potions to be poisoned and used to kill someone. For example, Romeo and Juliette had died from a poison.
- I must admit, this is different from medicine now and science has come a long way. Moving on to the last question. William, how do you think science will develop in the coming centuries?
- Judging by your generation, Amy, there's going to be a lot of change in people's views on science. Not in my lifetime but maybe in the lifetime of my great-grandkids. I think people might start questioning fate and God. They might be willing to know how the world works and why certain things happen.

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Science will definitely become more popular. My guess would be the 16th century.

- that's a great prediction, William. I think that in a 100 years from my time people will have invented teleportation and a cure for cancer. There are definitely huge changes coming. People might even live on several planets in a hundred years, who knows?
- May the force be with us, then.
- ~~that's a great~~ wise words, William.
Thank you so much for joining us today! That's all for now. Come back tomorrow for our new guest! Bye!

46

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YEPHOBURK

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untold riches - ? royal magnificent inheret
have one's eye on smth. anticipation betrayal threaten
3 save blissfully the Greedy King king Nathaniel

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~~He was the king~~ King Nathaniel of Wonderland. He was
known for his beauty and a royal bloodline of
magnificent kings. and queens. He preferred to be
blissfully ignorant and that was his weakness.
For a long time there used to be a legend about
the untold riches of Wonderland. King Nathaniel was
had his eye on obtaining a particular necklace from
quite keen on It the legend. the necklace was rumored to be magical and
make the owner the richest person alive. "I'm
willing to trade all the crown jewels I've inherited
for that necklace!" - said Nathaniel.

One day king Nathaniel got an offer from
his ~~loyal~~ mysterious tradesman. the king was very nervous from
anticipation so he didn't even suspect the coming
betrayal. Instead of an exchange the king was threatened
into giving up the money ~~its crown jewels~~ or ~~for free~~. The kingdom
lost all of its money and there was nothing that could
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YEPHOBURK

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