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**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
имени М.В. ЛОМОНОСОВА**

ОЛИМПИАДНАЯ РАБОТА

Наименование олимпиады школьников: «Ломоносов»

Профиль олимпиады: **Английский язык**

ФИО участника олимпиады: **Шарова Светлана Сергеевна**

Класс: **11**

Технический балл: **85**

Дата проведения: **05 марта 2022 года**

1. False. Only Aleksandr Nevsky was chosen to rule by voting. He was elected prince by the people of Novgorod. Edward I inherited the crown from his father Henry III.

2. False. Both leaders were successful at battlefields. Edward I defeated Wales and fought against Scotland and France. Aleksandr Nevsky was even more successful. Aleksandr Nevsky defeated a Swedish invasion in 1240, the Germans in 1242, the Lithuanians and the Finnic people throughout his reign.

3. True. Edward I was married to Queen Eleanor.

Aleksandr Nevsky married the Princess of Polotsk in 1239.

4. True. Edward I had to change his character a lot in order to be a successful ruler. He ~~had~~ had been famous for his arrogance, violence and cruelty before becoming the King. Due to the influence of strong-minded advisors Edward I managed to change his character.

5. Not stated

6. False. Both leaders were good at negotiating. Edward I proved to be a patient negotiator when necessary. Aleksandr Nevsky was a eager negotiator which helped to reduce the oppression of the Mongol yoke.

7. True. Thanks to Aleksandr Nevsky sovereignty by invitation was changed from individual to institutional.

Answers part 2

8. True. Edward I was famous for his legal reforms, he introduced various statutes which strengthened the crown. Aleksandr Nevsky promulgated laws, he also made some constitutional changes.

B. Once there lived a King who had a magnificent palace and an army of servants. He also had a daughter, Taisia, who was to inherit all the untold riches. She seemed to spend her days blissfully reading books and playing in the royal garden. She waited in eager anticipation for something extraordinary to happen.

One day a foreign prince came to propose to the princess. He had his eye on Taisia's fortune. He didn't allow that marriage which aggravated the prince. He threatened to kidnap Taisia, and nobody would save her. The prince needn't have threatened the king as Taisia had fallen in love and eloped with him. The King hadn't expected this and vowed revenge for this betrayal.

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- Today we are happy to welcome a magnificent Russian writer, Anton Pavlovich Chekhov, in our studio. The contribution of this prominent writer to literature is impossible to overestimate. At the end of the XIXth century played a great part in developing the art of the theatre as he wrote a number of wonderful plays touching upon certain social problems. Chekhov is famous all over the world not only as a great playwright but as talented short story writer. He found the inspiration for his stories mostly in work as he was a doctor by profession. This fact explains why we have invited this person to speak about current trends in science. Many of them are connected with medicine.

- Thank you for such a warm welcome.

- Do you think the medicine of your time differs greatly from our time?

- Undoubtedly. Firstly thanks to the development of science people can diagnose various diseases faster and more accurately. Doctors are able to use special equipment to examine patients. Secondly, the development in science can also help patients sustain life. I'm talking about a breathing apparatus, an intensive care unit and others. Besides, chemistry and virology have developed a lot and now allow the scientist to invent vaccines that prevent people from dying. They have also created different types of medicines. In my time I couldn't even dream of anything like that. To soothe the pain of my patients I used morphine and a good sense

of humour. One day I extracted a few teeth, my patient didn't seem to enjoy the experience.

- But surely there must be some similarities between our times?
- Surely, some medicines and medical tools haven't changed. I know for a fact that doctors still use scalpels and tongs. But on the whole science has taken a great leap and people should really appreciate that. The life expectancy is much higher than in my days.
- Do you see any further development of science nowadays?
- To me the future prospects of science are optimistic. There will be more scientific research on incurable diseases and modern scientist are bound to find the solutions to serious problems.
- Well, you sound really hopeful. I'm a bit concerned about the speed with which modern technology is developing. It might do more harm than good
- How so?
- People develop not only medical but also military equipment. This may lead to violent wars with a lot of casualties
- Oh, yes, I see what you mean. I just prefer to focus on positive things, sometimes



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I'm too optimistic and self-confident and I paid a lot ~~for~~ for this, I think.

- Don't be too hard on yourself, thank you for coming. Your thoughts are truly valuable.
- Thank you for having me.

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