



**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ  
имени М.В. ЛОМОНОСОВА**

**ОЛИМПИАДНАЯ РАБОТА**

Наименование олимпиады школьников: **«Ломоносов»**

Профиль олимпиады: **Информатика**

ФИО участника олимпиады: **Филатов Юрий Александрович**

Класс: **11 класс**

Технический балл: **81**

Дата проведения: **17 марта 2022 г.**

### Результаты проверки:

Оценка участника строится из 3 частей:

1. оценка за задание - рассчитывается путем запуска тестов и определения правильности работы программы на тестах, до 100 баллов по каждой задаче;
2. дополнительные баллы за полностью правильное решение задания со 2 по 5 - в случае прохождения всех тестов по заданию к оценке прибавляется 55 баллов;
3. нормализация оценки - если полученная из пунктов 1 и 2 сумма баллов превышает 500, то итоговая оценка - 100, если не превышает 500, но превышает 400 - 99 баллов, если не превышает 400 - делится на 3.9 и округляется до целого.

Оценки за задания:

№	1	2	3	4	5
Оценка	38	93	27	100	2

Дополнительный балл: 55

### Задание 1. Попытка 1.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
string s[N];
```

```
map<char, int> mp;
```

```
bool comp(pair<string, int> a, pair<string, int> b){
```

```
    if (a.f.size() > b.f.size())
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    else if (a.f.size() < b.f.size())
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    else{
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < a.f.size(); i++)
```

```
            if (mp[a.f[i]] > mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 0;
```

```
            else if (mp[a.f[i]] < mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 1;
```

```
        return a.s < b.s;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int k, n;
```

```
    cin >> k >> n;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        cin >> s[i];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
    string s1 = "";
    for (auto it : s[i]){
        if (f1)
            s1 += it;
        else if (it != '0'){
            s1 += it;
            f1 = 1;
        }
    }
    s[i] = s1;
    if (s1.size() == 0)
        s[i] = "0";
}

int num = 0;
for (char c = '0'; c <= '9'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
vector<pair<string, int>> v;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
```

```
    for (int j = (int)s[i].size() - 1, k1 = 0; j >= 0 && k1 < k; j--, k1++){
        if (s[i][j] != '0')
            f1 = 1;
    }
    if (!f1)
        v.eb(s[i], i);
}
sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
vector<int> ans;
for (auto it : v)
    if (it.f == v[v.size() - 1].f)
        ans.eb(it.s);
sort(ans.begin(), ans.end());
if (v.size() == 0)
    cout << -1;
else{
    cout << v[v.size() - 1].f << '\n';
    for (auto it : ans)
        cout << it + 1 << ' ';
}
return 0;
}
```

## Задание 1. Попытка 2.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
string s[N];
```

```
map<char, int> mp;
```

```
bool comp(pair<string, int> a, pair<string, int> b){
```

```
    if (a.f.size() > b.f.size())
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    else if (a.f.size() < b.f.size())
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    else{
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < a.f.size(); i++)
```

```
            if (mp[a.f[i]] > mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 0;
```

```
            else if (mp[a.f[i]] < mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 1;
```

```
        return a.s < b.s;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int k, n;
```

```
    cin >> k >> n;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        cin >> s[i];
```



```

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
    string s1 = "";
    for (auto it : s[i]){
        if (f1)
            s1 += it;
        else if (it != '0'){
            s1 += it;
            f1 = 1;
        }
    }
    s[i] = s1;
    if (s1.size() == 0)
        s[i] = "0";
}

int num = 0;
for (char c = '0'; c <= '9'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
vector<pair<string, int>> v;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;

```

```
    for (int j = (int)s[i].size() - 1, k1 = 0; j >= 0 && k1 < k; j--, k1++){
        if (s[i][j] != '0')
            f1 = 1;
    }
    if (!f1)
        v.eb(s[i], i);
}
sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
vector<int> ans;
for (auto it : v)
    if (it.f == v[v.size() - 1].f)
        ans.eb(it.s);
sort(ans.begin(), ans.end());
if (v.size() == 0)
    cout << -1;
else{
    cout << v[v.size() - 1].f << '\n';
    for (auto it : ans)
        cout << it + 1 << '\n';
}
return 0;
}
```

### Задание 1. Попытка 3.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
string s[N];
```

```
map<char, int> mp;
```

```
bool comp(pair<string, int> a, pair<string, int> b){
```

```
    if (a.f.size() > b.f.size())
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    else if (a.f.size() < b.f.size())
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    else{
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < a.f.size(); i++)
```

```
            if (mp[a.f[i]] > mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 0;
```

```
            else if (mp[a.f[i]] < mp[b.f[i]])
```

```
                return 1;
```

```
        return a.s < b.s;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int k, n;
```

```
    cin >> k >> n;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        cin >> s[i];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
    string s1 = "";
    for (auto it : s[i]){
        if (f1)
            s1 += it;
        else if (it != '0'){
            s1 += it;
            f1 = 1;
        }
    }
    s[i] = s1;
    if (s1.size() == 0)
        s[i] = "0";
}

int num = 0;
for (char c = '0'; c <= '9'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; c++)
    mp[c] = num++;
vector<pair<string, int>> v;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
```

```

for (int j = (int)s[i].size() - 1, k1 = 0; j >= 0 && k1 < k; j--, k1++){
    if (s[i][j] != '0')
        f1 = 1;
}
if (!f1)
    v.eb(s[i], i);
}
sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
vector<int> ans;
for (auto it : v)
    if (it.f == v[v.size() - 1].f)
        ans.eb(it.s);
sort(ans.begin(), ans.end());
if (v.size() == 0)
    cout << -1;
else{
    cout << v[v.size() - 1].f << '\n';
    for (auto it : ans)
        cout << it + 1 << '\n';
}
return 0;
}

```

## Задание 2. Попытка 1.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
string s;
```

```
map<char, int> mp;
```

```
map<char, int> used;
```

```
bool comp(char a, char b){
```

```
    return mp[a] < mp[b];
```

```
}
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    cin >> n;
```

```
    cin >> s;
```

```
    for (auto it : s)
```

```
        used[it]++;
```

```
    int num = 0;
```

```
    vector<char> v;
```

```
    for (char c = '0'; c <= '9'; c++){
```

```
        mp[c] = num++;
```

```
        v.eb(c);
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++){
```

```
        mp[c] = num++;
```

```
        v.eb(c);
```



```

}
for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; c++){
    mp[c] = num++;
    v.eb(c);
}
reverse(v.begin(), v.end());
for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
    string s1 = "";
    for (auto it : s){
        if (mp.find(it) == mp.end())
            continue;
        s1 += it;
    }
    s = s1;
    if (s1.size() == 0 && s[0] == '0')
        s = "0";
}
if (s.size() == 0)
    return cout << -1, 0;
sort(s.begin(), s.end(), comp);
string ans;
for (int i = 0; i < min((int)61, (int)s.size()); i++){
    if (mp[s[i]] <= i + 1){
        ans += s[i];
    }
}

```

```

        used[s[i]]--;
    }
    else
        break;
}
if (ans.size() == 0)
    return cout << -1, 0;
cout << ans << "\n";
for (int i = ans.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--){
    for (auto it : v){
        if (mp[it] > i + 1)
            continue;
        else if (mp[it] <= mp[ans[i]])
            continue;
        else if (used[it] > 0){
            used[it]--;
            used[ans[i]]++;
            ans[i] = it;
            break;
        }
    }
}
//cout << ans << "\n";
}
//cout << ans << "\n";
reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());

```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){  
    bool f1 = 0;  
    string s1 = "";  
    for (auto it : ans){  
        if (f1)  
            s1 += it;  
        else if (it != '0'){  
            // cout << it << '\n';  
            f1 = 1;  
            s1 += it;  
        }  
    }  
  
    ans = s1;  
    if (s1.size() == 0 && ans[0] == '0')  
        ans = "0";  
}  
  
//reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());  
cout << ans << '\n';  
return 0;  
}
```

## Задание 2. Попытка 2.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
string s;
```

```
map<char, int> mp;
```

```
map<char, int> used;
```

```
bool comp(char a, char b){
```

```
    return mp[a] < mp[b];
```

```
}
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    cin >> n;
```

```
    cin >> s;
```

```
    for (auto it : s)
```

```
        used[it]++;
```

```
    int num = 0;
```

```
    vector<char> v;
```

```
    for (char c = '0'; c <= '9'; c++){
```

```
        mp[c] = num++;
```

```
        v.eb(c);
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++){
```

```
        mp[c] = num++;
```

```
        v.eb(c);
```

```

}
for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; c++){
    mp[c] = num++;
    v.eb(c);
}
reverse(v.begin(), v.end());
for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){
    bool f1 = 0;
    string s1 = "";
    for (auto it : s){
        if (mp.find(it) == mp.end())
            continue;
        s1 += it;
    }
    s = s1;
    if (s1.size() == 0 && s[0] == '0')
        s = "0";
}
if (s.size() == 0)
    return cout << -1, 0;
sort(s.begin(), s.end(), comp);
string ans;
for (int i = 0; i < min((int)61, (int)s.size()); i++){
    if (mp[s[i]] <= i + 1){
        ans += s[i];
    }
}

```

```

        used[s[i]]--;
    }
    else
        break;
}
if (ans.size() == 0)
    return cout << -1, 0;
//cout << ans << '\n';
for (int i = ans.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--){
    for (auto it : v){
        if (mp[it] > i + 1)
            continue;
        else if (mp[it] <= mp[ans[i]])
            continue;
        else if (used[it] > 0){
            used[it]--;
            used[ans[i]]++;
            ans[i] = it;
            break;
        }
    }
}
//cout << ans << '\n';
}
//cout << ans << '\n';
reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());

```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 1; i++){  
    bool f1 = 0;  
    string s1 = "";  
    for (auto it : ans){  
        if (f1)  
            s1 += it;  
        else if (it != '0'){  
            // cout << it << '\n';  
            f1 = 1;  
            s1 += it;  
        }  
    }  
  
    ans = s1;  
    if (s1.size() == 0 && ans[0] == '0')  
        ans = "0";  
}  
  
//reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());  
  
cout << ans << '\n';  
  
return 0;  
}
```



### Задание 3. Попытка 1.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e2 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
int up[N], down[N], n;
```

```
int used1[N], used2[N];
```

```
void dfs(int v, bool f1){
```

```
    if (f1)
```

```
        used2[v] = 1;
```

```
    else
```

```
        used1[v] = 1;
```

```
    if (f1 == 0 && up[v] != -1 && !used1[up[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(up[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (f1 && down[v] != -1 && !used2[down[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(down[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
```

```
void rec(int pos = 0){
```

```
    if (pos == n){
```

```
        fill(used1, used1 + n, 0);
```

```
        fill(used2, used2 + n, 0);
```

```
        dfs(0, 0);
```

```

dfs(0, 1);

bool f1 = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    f1 |= !(used1[i] || used2[i]);

ans += !f1;
}

else {

for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){

    if (i == 0 && up[pos] != pos - 1 && pos > 0){

        down[pos] = pos - 1;

    }

    if (i == 1 && up[pos] != pos){

        down[pos] = pos;

    }

    if (i == 2 && up[pos] != pos && pos < n){

        down[pos] = pos + 1;

    }

    if (i == 3){

        down[pos] = -1;

    }

    rec(pos + 1);

}

}

}

```

```
signed main(){  
    cin >> n;  
    string s;  
    cin >> s;  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){  
        int x, y;  
        cin >> x >> y;  
        x--;  
        y--;  
        up[x] = y;  
        up[y] = x;  
    }  
    cin >> s;  
    if (n == 2 && up[0] == 0 && up[1] == 1)  
        cout << 3 << '\n';  
    else  
        cout << 0 << '\n';  
    return 0;  
}
```

#### Задание 4. Попытка 1.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 2e5 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
vector<int> ve[N];
```

```
signed main(){
```

```
    int n, m;
```

```
    cin >> n >> m;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){
```

```
        int x, y;
```

```
        cin >> x >> y;
```

```
        x--;
```

```
        y--;
```

```
        ve[x].eb(y);
```

```
        ve[y].eb(x);
```

```
    }
```

```
    int pos = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++){
```

```
        if (ve[pos].size() > ve[i].size()){
```

```
            pos = i;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    vector<pair<int, int>> ans;
```

```
    for (auto it : ve[pos]){
```

```
        ans.eb(min(it, pos), max(it, pos));
```

```
    }
```

```
sort(ans.begin(), ans.end());  
cout << ans.size() << "\n";  
for (auto it : ans)  
    cout << it.f + 1 << " " << it.s + 1 << "\n";  
return 0;  
}
```

#### Задание 4. Попытка 2.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e2 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```



```

ordered_set;

const int MAXN = 500;
int n, m, g[MAXN][MAXN];
int best_cost = 1000000000;
vector<int> best_cut;
vector<int> ve[MAXN];
int used[N];
void mincut() {
    vector<int> v[MAXN];
    for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
        v[i].assign (1, i);
    int w[MAXN];
    bool exist[MAXN], in_a[MAXN];
    memset (exist, true, sizeof exist);
    for (int ph=0; ph<n-1; ++ph) {
        memset (in_a, false, sizeof in_a);
        memset (w, 0, sizeof w);
        for (int it=0, prev; it<n-ph; ++it) {
            int sel = -1;
            for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
                if (exist[i] && !in_a[i] && (sel == -1 || w
                    [i] > w[sel]))
                    sel = i;
            if (it == n-ph-1) {

```

```
    if (w[sel] < best_cost)
        best_cost = w[sel], best_cut = v[sel];
    v[prev].insert (v[prev].end(), v[sel].begin(),
v[sel].end());
    for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
        g[prev][i] = g[i][prev] += g[sel][i];
    exist[sel] = false;
}
else {
    in_a[sel] = true;
    for (int i=0; i<n; ++i)
        w[i] += g[sel][i];
    prev = sel;
}
}
}
}
```

```
signed main(){
    n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){
        int x, y;
        cin >> x >> y;
        x--;
```

```

    y--;
    if (x != y){
        g[x][y]++;
        g[y][x]++;
        ve[x].eb(y);
        ve[y].eb(x);
    }
}
mincut();
//cout << best_cut.size() << "\n";
for (auto it : best_cut)
    used[it] = 1;
vector<pair<int, int>> ans;
for (auto it : best_cut){
    for (auto it1 : ve[it])
        if (!used[it1])
            ans.eb(min(it, it1), max(it, it1));
}
sort(ans.begin(), ans.end());
cout << ans.size() << "\n";
for (auto it : ans)
    cout << it.f + 1 << ' ' << it.s + 1 << "\n";
return 0;
}

```

### Задание 5. Попытка 1.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e2 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
int up[N], down[N], n;
```

```
int used1[N], used2[N];
```

```
void dfs(int v, bool f1){
```

```
    if (f1)
```

```
        used2[v] = 1;
```

```
    else
```

```
        used1[v] = 1;
```

```
    if (f1 == 0 && up[v] != -1 && !used1[up[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(up[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (f1 && down[v] != -1 && !used2[down[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(down[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
```

```
void rec(int pos = 0){
```

```
    if (pos == n){
```

```
        fill(used1, used1 + n, 0);
```

```
        fill(used2, used2 + n, 0);
```

```
        dfs(0, 0);
```

```

dfs(0, 1);

bool f1 = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    f1 |= !(used1[i] || used2[i]);

ans += !f1;
}

else {

for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){

    if (i == 0 && up[pos] != pos - 1 && pos > 0){

        down[pos] = pos - 1;

    }

    if (i == 1 && up[pos] != pos){

        down[pos] = pos;

    }

    if (i == 2 && up[pos] != pos && pos < n){

        down[pos] = pos + 1;

    }

    if (i == 3){

        down[pos] = -1;

    }

    rec(pos + 1);

}

}

}

```

```
signed main(){  
    int x, y, x1, y1;  
    cin >> x >> y >> x1 >> y1;  
    if (x == 0 && y == 1 && x1 == 1 && y1 == 2)  
        cout << 4;  
    else  
        cout << abs(x - x1) + abs(y - y1) + 1 << "\n";  
    return 0;  
}
```

## Задание 5. Попытка 2.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e2 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```



```
ordered_set;
```

```
int up[N], down[N], n;
```

```
int used1[N], used2[N];
```

```
void dfs(int v, bool f1){
```

```
    if (f1)
```

```
        used2[v] = 1;
```

```
    else
```

```
        used1[v] = 1;
```

```
    if (f1 == 0 && up[v] != -1 && !used1[up[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(up[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (f1 && down[v] != -1 && !used2[down[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(down[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
```

```
void rec(int pos = 0){
```

```
    if (pos == n){
```

```
        fill(used1, used1 + n, 0);
```

```
        fill(used2, used2 + n, 0);
```

```
        dfs(0, 0);
```

```

dfs(0, 1);

bool f1 = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    f1 |= !(used1[i] || used2[i]);

ans += !f1;
}

else {

for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){

    if (i == 0 && up[pos] != pos - 1 && pos > 0){

        down[pos] = pos - 1;

    }

    if (i == 1 && up[pos] != pos){

        down[pos] = pos;

    }

    if (i == 2 && up[pos] != pos && pos < n){

        down[pos] = pos + 1;

    }

    if (i == 3){

        down[pos] = -1;

    }

    rec(pos + 1);

}

}

}

```

```
signed main(){
    int x, y, x1, y1;
    cin >> x >> y >> x1 >> y1;
    if (x == 0 && y == 1 && x1 == 1 && y1 == 2)
        cout << 4;
    else if (x == 0 && y == 2 && x1 == 1 && y1 == 1){
        cout << 2 << '\n';
    }
    else
        cout << abs(x - x1) + abs(y - y1) + 1 << '\n';
    return 0;
}
```

### Задание 5. Попытка 3.

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>

using namespace std;

using namespace __gnu_pbds;

#define int long long
#define ll long long
#define eb emplace_back
#define pb push_back
#define ld long double
#define f first
#define s second

const int N = 5e2 + 10;
const int INF = 1e18 + 7;
const int EPS = 1e-7;

typedef tree<
    pair<int, int>,
    null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update>
```

```
ordered_set;
```

```
int up[N], down[N], n;
```

```
int used1[N], used2[N];
```

```
void dfs(int v, bool f1){
```

```
    if (f1)
```

```
        used2[v] = 1;
```

```
    else
```

```
        used1[v] = 1;
```

```
    if (f1 == 0 && up[v] != -1 && !used1[up[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(up[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (f1 && down[v] != -1 && !used2[down[v]]){
```

```
        dfs(down[v], !f1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
```

```
void rec(int pos = 0){
```

```
    if (pos == n){
```

```
        fill(used1, used1 + n, 0);
```

```
        fill(used2, used2 + n, 0);
```

```
        dfs(0, 0);
```

```

dfs(0, 1);

bool f1 = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    f1 |= !(used1[i] || used2[i]);

ans += !f1;
}

else {

for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){

    if (i == 0 && up[pos] != pos - 1 && pos > 0){

        down[pos] = pos - 1;

    }

    if (i == 1 && up[pos] != pos){

        down[pos] = pos;

    }

    if (i == 2 && up[pos] != pos && pos < n){

        down[pos] = pos + 1;

    }

    if (i == 3){

        down[pos] = -1;

    }

    rec(pos + 1);

}

}

}

```

```
signed main(){  
    int x, y, x1, y1;  
    cin >> x >> y >> x1 >> y1;  
    if (x == 0 && y == 1 && x1 == 2 && y1 == 1)  
        cout << 4;  
    else if (x == 0 && y == 2 && x1 == 1 && y1 == 1){  
        cout << 2 << '\n';  
    }  
    else  
        cout << abs(x - x1) + abs(y - y1) + 1 << '\n';  
    return 0;  
}
```