



**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
имени М.В. ЛОМОНОСОВА**

ОЛИМПИАДНАЯ РАБОТА

Наименование олимпиады школьников: **«Ломоносов»**

Профиль олимпиады: **Химия**

ФИО участника олимпиады: **Хамидуллин Тимур Рамилевич**

Класс: **11**

Технический балл: **89**

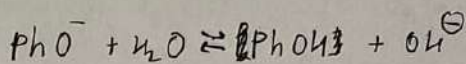
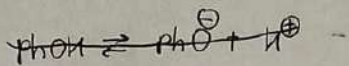
Дата проведения: **27 февраля 2022 года**

9538158 8 13 14 20 18 16 **89** нет Кг,

Осин С.Б.

мембрана / мем

Задача 2.



$$10^{-10} = \frac{[\text{PhO}^-][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{PhOH}]}$$

$$[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-11}$$

$$K_{\text{гид}} = K_a \Rightarrow K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a}; [\text{OH}^-] = 10^{14-\text{pH}}$$

$$K_b = \frac{[\text{PhOH}][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{PhO}^-]} \approx \frac{[\text{OH}^-]^2}{[\text{PhO}^-]} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow [\text{PhO}^-] = \frac{[\text{OH}^-]^2}{K_b} = \frac{K_a (10^{14-11})^2}{K_w} = \frac{10^{-10} \cdot 10^{-2}}{10^{-14}} = 0,01 \text{ M} = [\text{PhOK}^+]$$

Объем: 901 $\frac{\text{мл}}{\text{г}}$

Задача 1.

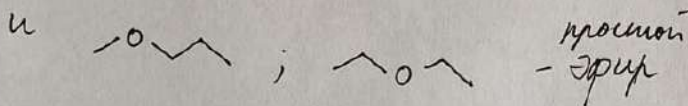
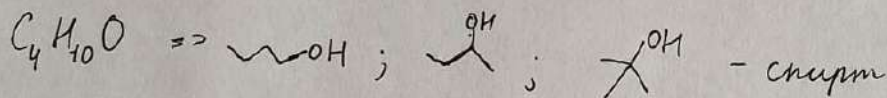
$$N_e = 6(\text{C}), 8(\text{O}), 1(\text{H}) \Rightarrow$$

$$6x + 8y = 32 \quad \left. \vphantom{6x + 8y = 32} \right\} \Rightarrow Z \leq 10$$

$$N_n = 12 - 6 \cdot 6(\text{C}); 8(\text{O}); 0(\text{H})$$

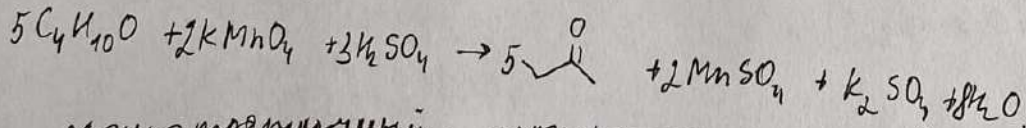
$$6x + 8y + z = 42 \quad \left. \vphantom{6x + 8y + z = 42} \right\} \begin{matrix} x = 4 \\ y = 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$y = 1$$

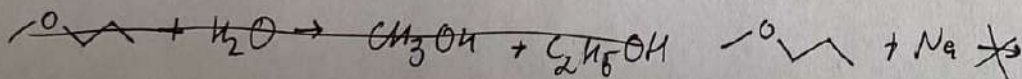
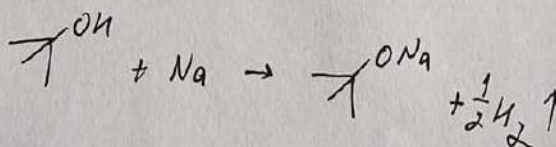
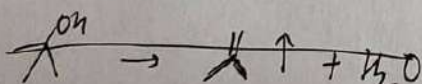


Определить можно с помощью KMnO_4 , эфир не будет реагировать.

если вторичный и первичный



если третичный, можно детегранировать и получить газ, простой эфир не будет работать газ по реакции с Na



металл 4 мм

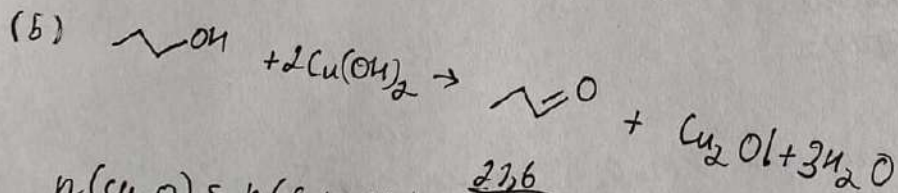
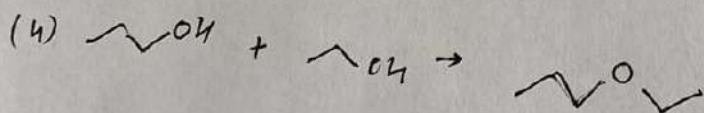
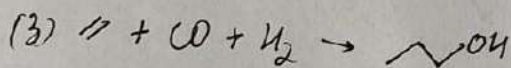
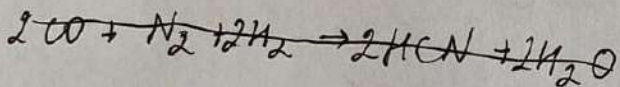
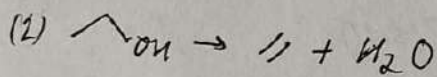
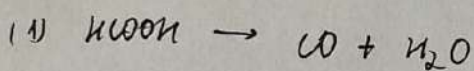
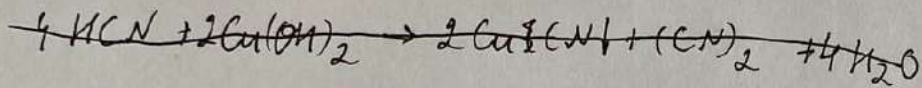
задача 6

Условие даёт понять, что А: $\text{H}-\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}{\text{C}}-\text{OH}$ В: CO

$M_{\text{см.}} = 0,875 \cdot 32 = 28$; $M_{\text{CO}} = 28 \Rightarrow$ смесь эквимолярная, тогда

Г - ~~CH₄~~ C₂H₄; Б - C₂H₅OH

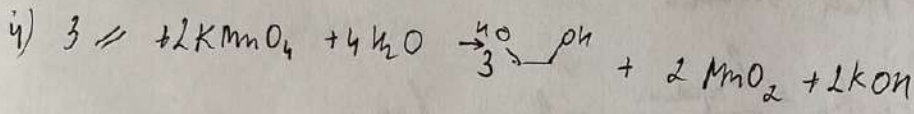
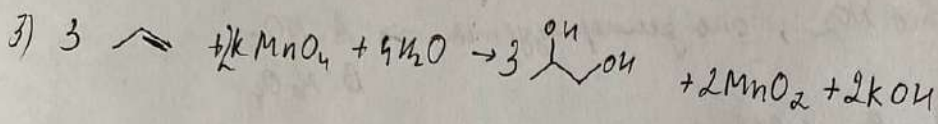
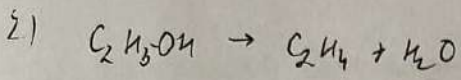
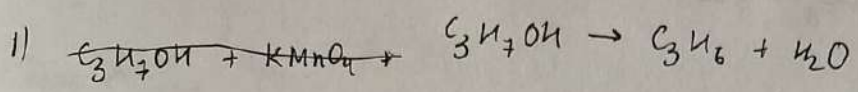
Д: ~~CH₃OH~~ C₃H₇OH; Е: C₃H₇OC₂H₅



$n(\text{Cu}_2\text{O}) = n(\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}) = \frac{226}{144} = 0,156 \text{ моль}$

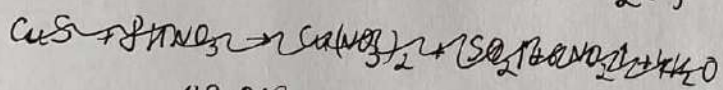
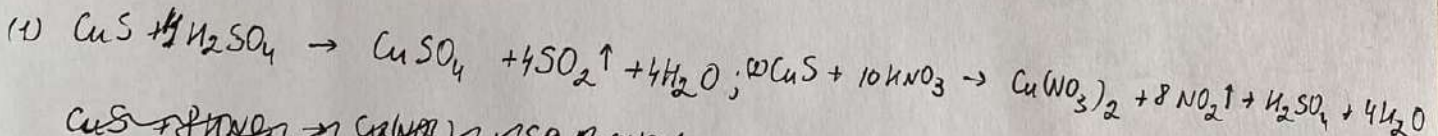
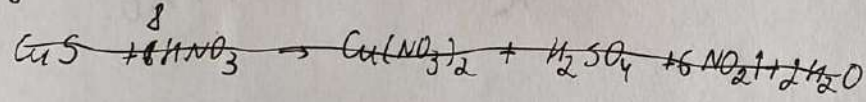
$m(\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}) = 0,156 \cdot 60 = 9,36 \text{ г}$

числовая сумма
 прогорание $\frac{1}{2}$ задачи.
 $\omega_{C_3H_7OH} = 56,6\% \Rightarrow \omega_{C_2H_5OH} = 43,4\%$



$\frac{V_{C_2H_4}}{3} = \frac{n(KMnO_4)}{2}$; аналогично для $C_2H_4 \Rightarrow n(KMnO_4) = \frac{1}{2} n_{C_2H_4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 =$
 $= 0,2 \text{ моль}; C = \frac{n}{V} \Rightarrow V = \frac{n}{C} = \frac{0,2}{0,4} = 0,5 \text{ л}$

Задача 5.

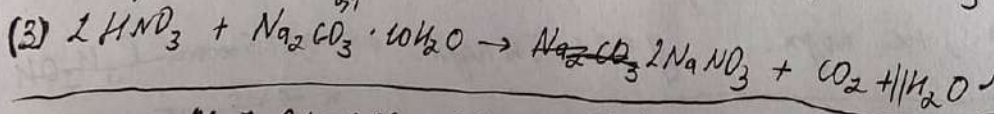


$n_{HNO_3} = \frac{120 \cdot 0,63}{63} = 1,2 \text{ моль}; n_{H_2SO_4} = \frac{142,7 \cdot 0,98}{98} = 1,427 \text{ моль}$
 $n_{CuS} = \frac{96}{96} = 1 \text{ моль}$

$HNO_3: m_{пр1} = 96 + 120 - 0,1 \cdot 8 \cdot 46 = 92,8 \text{ г}$ (по УХР $n(NO_2) = 8n(CuS)$)

$H_2SO_4: m_{пр2} = 96 + 120 - 0,1 \cdot 4 \cdot 64 = 126,4 \text{ г}$

$\Delta m = 33,9 \text{ г}$; добавим в пр с HNO_3



\Rightarrow тогда $m_0 = 0,1 \cdot 286 - 0,1 \cdot 44 = 24,2$; $33,9 - 24,2 = 9,7 \text{ г}$;

сначала полностью прореагирует HNO_3 , затем добавим еще \Rightarrow

$\Rightarrow m = 0,1 \cdot 286 + 9,7 = 38,3 \text{ г}$

$n(HNO_3) = 1,2 - 0,1 \cdot 2 = 1,0 \text{ моль}$
 $33,9 = M(Na_2CO_3 \cdot 10H_2O) \cdot n - M_{CO_2} \cdot n$
 $33,9 = 242 \cdot n \Rightarrow n = 0,14$,
 по УХР нам надо $0,28 HNO_3 \Rightarrow$

мембрана 2 мем

Задача 3.

$$x_{B_{\text{ан}}} = \frac{1,86}{1,86+1} = 0,65 \quad x_A = 0,35$$

$$M_B = 2M_A$$

$$0,65 \cdot 2M_A + 0,35M_A = 75,9 \Rightarrow M_A = 46 \text{ г/моль}$$

Сразу кандидат, это это NO_2 , оно же не реагирует \Rightarrow A: NO_2
B: N_2O_4

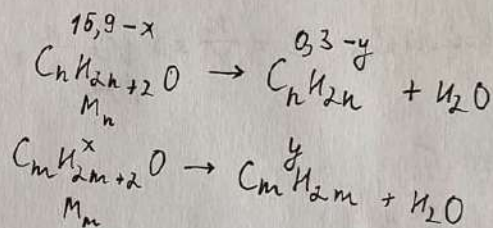
$$p_{\text{NO}_2} = 0,35 \cdot 1 = 0,35 \text{ атм}; p_{\text{N}_2\text{O}_4} = 0,65 \text{ атм.}$$

$$K_p = \frac{p_{\text{N}_2\text{O}_4}}{p_{\text{NO}_2}^2} = \frac{0,65}{0,35^2} = 5,3; \quad K_p = \frac{K_{\text{прям.}}}{K_{\text{обр.}}} \Rightarrow K_{\text{обр.}} = \frac{K_{\text{пр.}}}{K_p} = 9,43 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{\text{д}}{\text{атм} \cdot \text{мин}}$$

Задача 4.

$$pV = nRT \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow n_{\text{ан.}} = \frac{14,5 \cdot 101}{8,314(273+180)} = 0,3 \text{ моль}$$



$$\begin{cases} \frac{15,9-x}{14n+18} = \frac{0,3-y}{M_n} \\ \frac{x}{14m+18} = \frac{y}{M_m} \end{cases}$$

$$x = y(14m+18)$$

$$15,9 - y(14m+18) = 0,3 \cdot 14n + 0,3 \cdot 18 - 14ny - 18y$$

$$15,9 - 14my - 18y = 4,2n + 5,4 - 14ny - 18y$$

$$10,5 = 4,2n + 14y(m-n); \quad m, n \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad y < 0,3; \quad m > n; \quad n > 1$$

1) Пусть $m=2; n=1$

2) $m=3; n=1 \rightarrow$

$$6,3 = 14y \Rightarrow y = 0,45 \text{ моль, не погр.} \quad y = 0,225 \text{ не погр.} \Rightarrow 0,225 \text{ моль } \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}$$

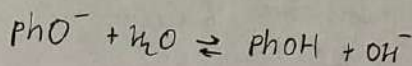
$n = 0,75 \text{ моль}$

3) $m=3; n=2$

$$y = 0,15 \Rightarrow \text{эвдиом. смесь } \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH} \text{ и } \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}; \quad \omega_{\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}} = \frac{60 \cdot 0,15}{60 \cdot 0,15 + 46 \cdot 0,15} = 0,566$$

мл смр. 3

репробин 6 мет



$$K_s = \frac{[\text{PhO}^-][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{PhOH}]}$$

$$[\text{H}^+] = 10^{-11}$$

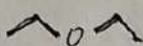
K_s

$$6x + 8y = 32$$

$$6x + 8y + z = 42$$

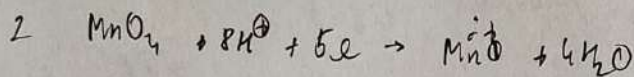
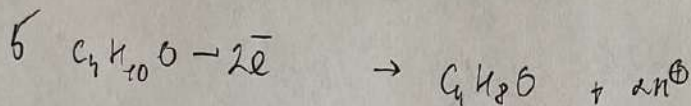
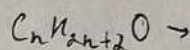
$$[\text{PhO}^-] = \frac{K_b}{[\text{OH}^-]^2} = \frac{10^{-4}}{10^{-14}}$$

H_2O



0,65

= 76,9



$14y(n+m)$

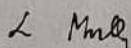
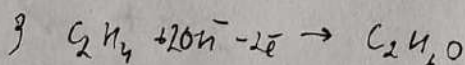
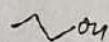
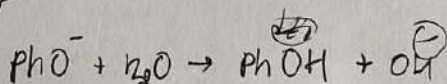
$$10,5 = 4,2n - 14ny + 14my - 36y$$

$$10,5 = n(4,2 - 14y) + 6y(14m - 36) \quad [\text{PhO}^-]_s$$

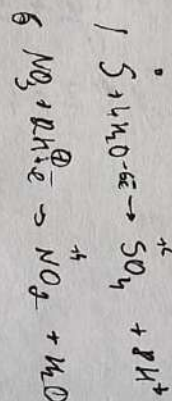
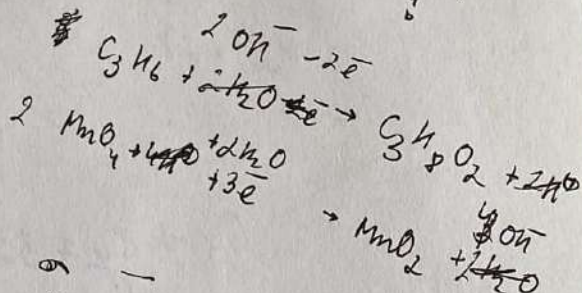
$$10,5 = 14y(m-n) + 4,2n - 36y$$

5

$$y = 305$$



$$K = \frac{[\text{PhO}^-][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{PhOH}]} = 10^{-16} \quad [\text{H}^+] = 10^{-11}$$



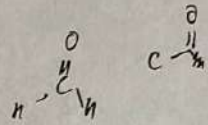
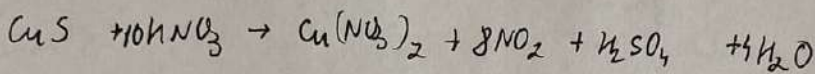
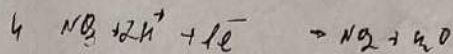
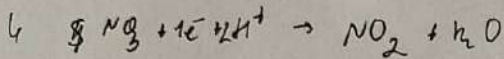
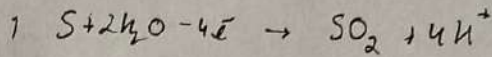
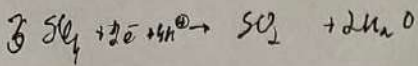
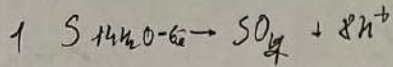
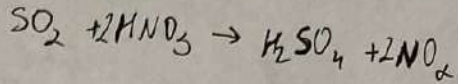
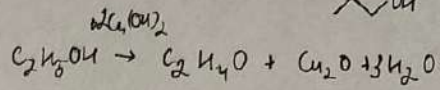
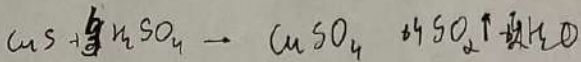
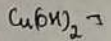
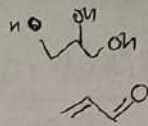
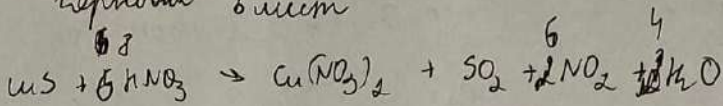
28



$\frac{1}{2} \text{M}_2\text{S}$

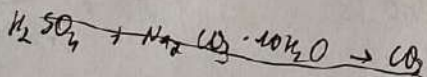
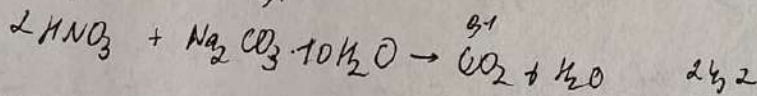
+6

перманганат



129,6 92,8 26,6
 6,4 + 27,6 33,9 126,7
 34 98,6
 32 31,1
 92 91

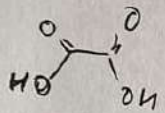
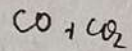
286 1) 33,9 Δ
 2) 35,7 Δ
 1)



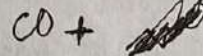
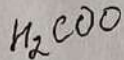
$$83,9 = 286x - 44x$$

$$x = 9,14$$

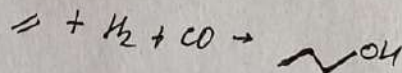
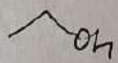
$$31,1 = 242x$$



31,1



$M_{\text{sum}} = 28$



$$6x + 8y = 32 \quad \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$$

$$6x + 8y = 2542$$