



**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ  
имени М.В.ЛОМОНОСОВА**

Вариант \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Место проведения \_\_\_\_\_ Москва \_\_\_\_\_  
город

**ПИСЬМЕННАЯ РАБОТА**

Олимпиада школьников \_\_\_\_\_ Ломоносов \_\_\_\_\_  
наименование олимпиады

ПО \_\_\_\_\_ Химия \_\_\_\_\_  
профиль олимпиады

\_\_\_\_\_ Минина Максима Максимовича \_\_\_\_\_  
фамилия, имя, отчество участника (в родительном падеже)

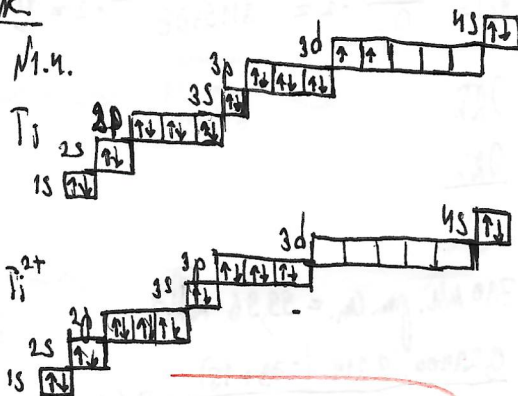
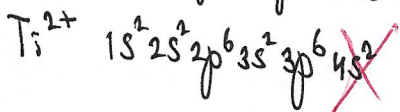
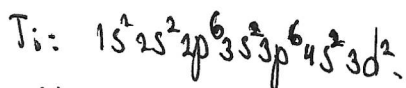
Дата  
« 12 » \_\_\_\_\_ июля \_\_\_\_\_ 2023 года

Подпись участника  
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45-67-58-78  
(04.12)

металлик  
Барманн 2, M.ч.

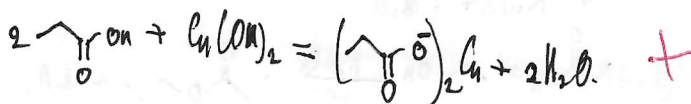
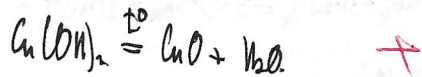
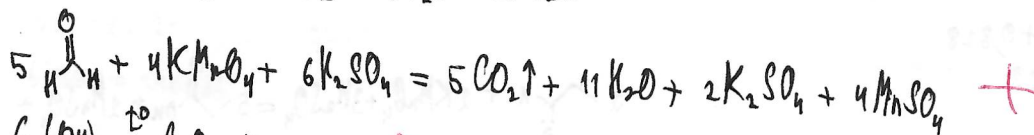
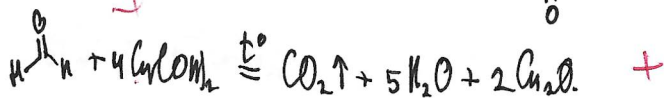
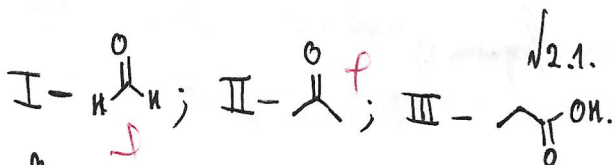
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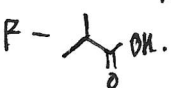
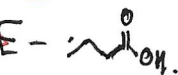
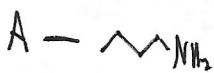
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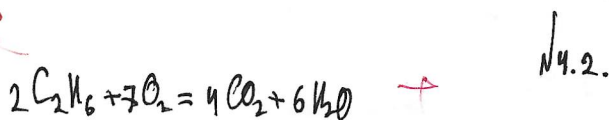
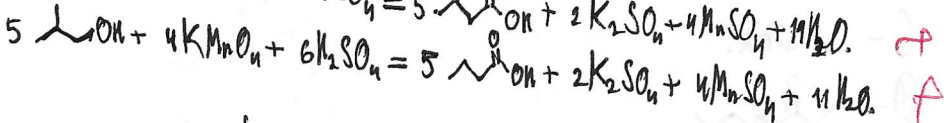
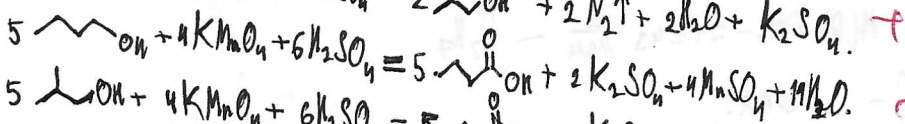
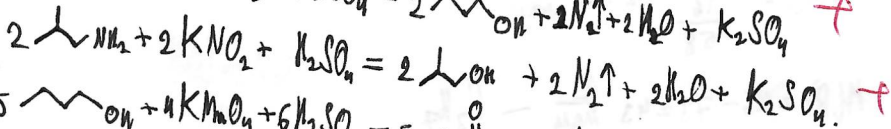
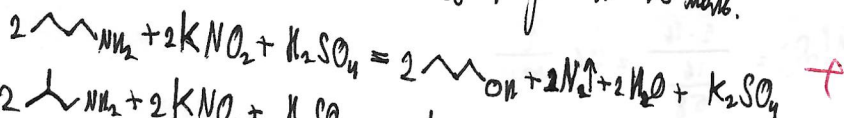
9	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25



$D_{N_2} = 2,607 \Rightarrow M_r(\text{соедин}) = 3607 \cdot 28 = 73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$  +



$M(A) = M(B) = 73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}} \Rightarrow M_r(\text{соедин}) \text{ должны равны } 73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$



$Q_r = 4 Q_f(\text{CO}_2) + 6 Q_f(\text{H}_2\text{O}) - 2 Q_f(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6) = 4 \cdot 393,5 + 6 \cdot 285,8 - 2 \cdot 84,7 = 3119,4 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}} = 3119400 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$  +

$D(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = \frac{m(\text{H}_2\text{O})}{M(\text{H}_2\text{O})} = \frac{1135}{18} = 65,5 \text{ моль}$  +

$Q = c \cdot D \cdot \Delta t = 75,31 \cdot 65,5 \cdot (98 - 24) = 365023,57 \text{ Дж}$  + *Продолжение на сл. странице.*

$$n(C_2H_6) = \frac{Q}{Q_r} \cdot 2 = \frac{365017157}{3119406} \cdot 2 = 0,23404 \text{ моль} \quad \frac{\text{числовик}}{+}$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$V = \frac{nRT}{p}$$

$$p = 780 \text{ мм. рт. ст.} = 99,96 \text{ кПа}$$

$$V = \frac{0,23404 \cdot 8,314 \cdot (273 + 15)}{99,96} = 5,606 \text{ л}$$

№ 5.5. (вариант 2)

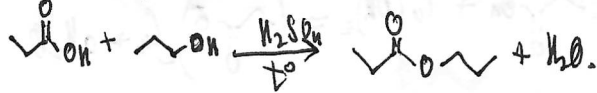
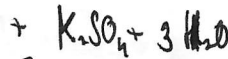
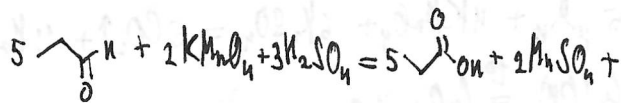
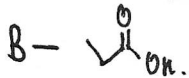
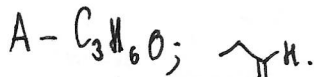
$$A - C_nH_{2n}O; \quad n(M) = \frac{2n}{14n + 16} = 0,1035$$

$$\frac{n}{7n + 8} = 0,1035$$

$$n = 0,7245n + 0,828$$

$$n \cdot 0,2755 = 0,828$$

$$n = 3$$



Формула C-ROH; тогда D - CCC(=O)OR

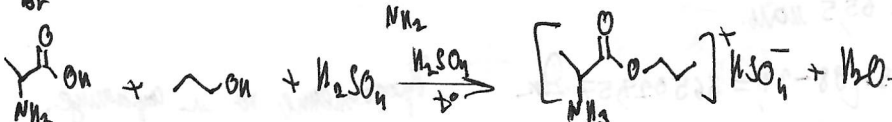
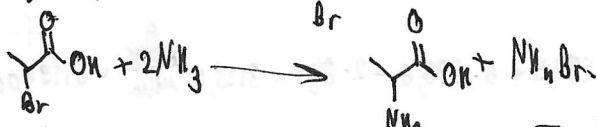
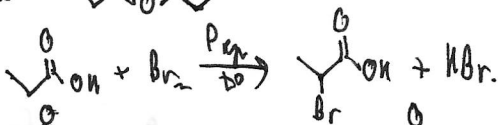
Для условия, что D не содержит O:

$$M(D) = \frac{2Ar(O)}{2(O)} \cdot \frac{2Ar(O)}{2(O \text{ в } A)}$$

$$2(O \text{ в } A) = \frac{16}{58}$$

$$M(D) = \frac{2 \cdot 16}{16} = 116 \frac{1}{\text{моль}}$$

$$M(R) = 116 - 73 = 43 \frac{1}{\text{моль}} - C_3H_7$$

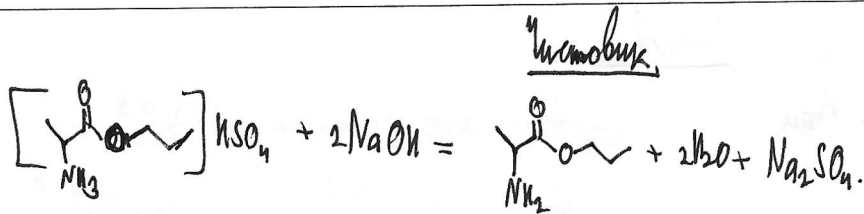


Диагностика на с. Сурдмише.



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№ 6.6. (вариант 2).

Пусть  $x$  моль —  $\nu(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O})$ .

$$\nu(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = \nu(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}) = x \text{ моль.}$$

$$23,8 \nu \text{ Na}_2\text{CO}_3 = 100 \text{ г вогн.}$$

$$(x \cdot 106) \nu \text{ Na}_2\text{CO}_3 = (110,2 + 18 \cdot 10x) \nu \text{ вогн.}$$

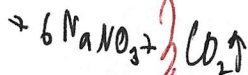
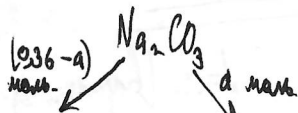
$$\frac{23,8}{106x} = \frac{100}{110,2 + 180x}$$

$$10600x = 2402,36 + 3924x$$

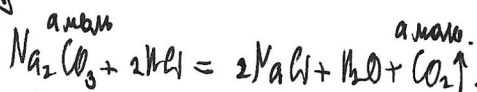
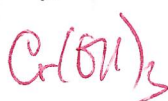
$$6676x = 2402,36$$

$x = 0,36$  моль —  $\nu(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3)$  и  $\nu(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O})$ .

$$m_{\text{г-ра}} = m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) + m(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 110,2 + 286 \cdot 0,36 = 213,16 \text{ г.}$$



$$\nu_1(\text{CO}_2) = \frac{1}{3} \nu_1(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = \frac{0,36 - a}{3} \text{ моль.}$$



$$\nu_2(\text{CO}_2) = \nu_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = a \text{ моль.}$$

$$\nu_2(\text{CO}_2) = 2 \nu_1(\text{CO}_2)$$

$$\nu_2(\text{CO}_2) = 2 \nu_1(\text{CO}_2)$$

$$a = 2 \cdot \frac{0,36 - a}{3} \cdot 3.$$

$$3a = 0,72 - 2a$$

$$5a = 0,72$$

$$a = 0,144 \text{ моль} = \nu_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3).$$

$$m_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = \nu_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) \cdot M(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = 0,144 \cdot 106 = 15,264 \text{ г.}$$

Продолжение на с. следующей.

числовик

21,8 г  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  — 100 г воды

21,8 г  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  — 121,8 г р-ра.

15,264 г  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  — Z г р-ра

$\frac{121,8}{Z} = \frac{21,8}{15,264}$

$Z = \frac{121,8 \cdot 15,264}{21,8} = 85,282 \text{ г.} - m_{\text{р-ра}}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3)$

~~$m_{\text{р-ра}}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = m_{\text{р-ра}}(\text{NaCl}) + 120 = 205,282 \text{ г}$~~

$\nu(\text{NaCl}) = 2\nu_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = 0,288 \text{ моль.}$

$m(\text{NaCl}) = \nu(\text{NaCl}) \cdot M(\text{NaCl}) = 0,288 \cdot 58,5 = 16,848 \text{ г}$

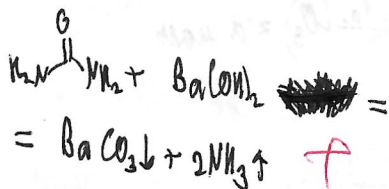
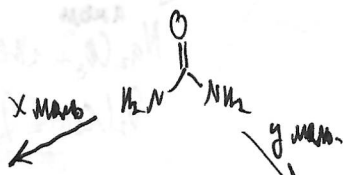
$\nu(\text{CO}_2) = \nu_2(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = 0,144 \text{ моль.}$

$m_2(\text{CO}_2) = \nu_2(\text{CO}_2) \cdot M(\text{CO}_2) = 0,144 \cdot 44 = 6,336 \text{ г}$

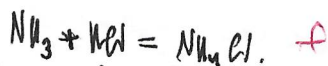
$m_{\text{р-ра}} = m_{\text{р-ра}}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) + m_{\text{р-ра}}(\text{NaCl}) - m_2(\text{CO}_2) = 85,282 + 120 - 6,336 = 198,95 \text{ г}$

$\omega(\text{NaCl}) = \frac{m(\text{NaCl})}{m_{\text{р-ра}}} = \frac{16,848}{198,95} = 0,0847 \text{ (8,47\%)}$

З.1. (вариант 2)



A —  $\text{NH}_3$ .



$\nu(\text{NH}_3) = 2\nu_1(\text{H}_2\text{NCONH}_2) = 2x \text{ моль.}$

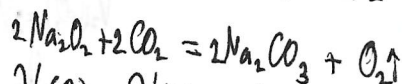
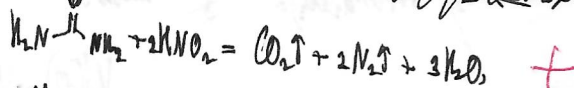
$\text{pH} = 2,3 \Rightarrow [\text{H}^+] = 10^{-2,3} = 5,012 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ моль/л}$

$C_{\text{общ}}(\text{NH}_3) = [\text{H}^+] = 5,012 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ М}$

$\nu_{\text{общ}}(\text{NH}_3) = C_{\text{общ}}(\text{NH}_3) \cdot V = 5,012 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,2 = 1,0024 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ моль}$

$\nu_{\text{изм}}(\text{NH}_3) = C_{\text{изм}}(\text{NH}_3) \cdot V = 1,005 \cdot 0,2 = 0,201 \text{ моль}$

$\nu_{\text{реа}}(\text{NH}_3) = \nu_{\text{изм}}(\text{NH}_3) - \nu_{\text{общ}}(\text{NH}_3) = 0,201 - 1,0024 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,2 \text{ моль} = \nu(\text{NH}_3) = 2x \Rightarrow x = 0,1 \text{ моль}$



$\nu(\text{CO}_2) = \nu_2(\text{H}_2\text{NCONH}_2) = y \text{ моль}$

$\nu(\text{O}_2) = \frac{1}{2}\nu(\text{CO}_2) = 0,5y \text{ моль}$

$\nu(\text{N}_2) = 2\nu_2(\text{H}_2\text{NCONH}_2) = 2y \text{ моль}$

$\nu_{\text{общ}} = \nu(\text{O}_2) + \nu(\text{N}_2) = 3,5y = 4x$

~~$y = 1,143x$~~

$y = 1,6x = 0,16 \text{ моль}$

Продолжить на след. странице.

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(64.12)

$$\nu_{\text{изм}} (\text{N}_2\text{NCONH}_2) = x + y = 0,1 + 0,16 = 0,26 \text{ моль} \quad +$$

$$C(\text{N}_2\text{NCONH}_2) = \frac{\nu_{\text{изм}} (\text{N}_2\text{NCONH}_2)}{V_{\text{р-ра}} (\text{N}_2\text{NCONH}_2)} = \frac{0,26}{0,13} = 2 \text{ М} \quad +$$

$\sqrt{8.2}$  [2 баррели]

$$pV = \nu RT$$

$$pV = \frac{n}{M} RT$$

$$p = \frac{n}{V} \cdot \frac{RT}{M}$$

$$p = p \cdot \frac{RT}{M}$$

$$M = \frac{pRT}{p}$$

$$M(\text{изм}) = \frac{1,82 \cdot 8,314 \cdot 298}{101,325} = 44,5 \text{ г/моль} \quad +$$

$$\nu = \frac{pV}{RT} = \frac{101,325 \cdot 29,34}{8,314 \cdot 298} = 1,2 \text{ моль} \quad +$$

Вероятно, газ - смесь  $\text{CO}_2$  и  $\text{NO}_2$ .  $+$

$\nu_{\text{изм}} \times \text{моль} - \nu(\text{CO}_2)$ ,  $\nu_{\text{изм}}(1-x)$   $\times$   $\text{моль} - \nu(\text{NO}_2)$ .

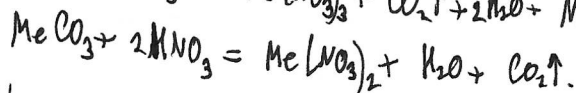
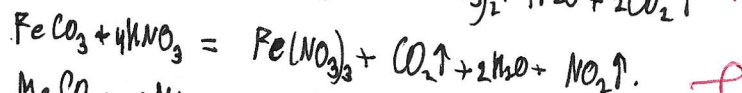
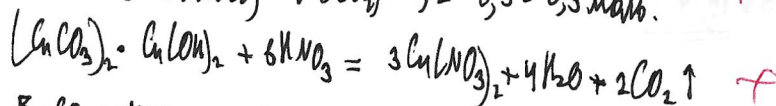
$$\frac{44x + 46(1-x)}{32} = 44,5$$

$$44x + 55,2 = 46x = 53,4$$

$$2x = 1,8$$

$$x = 0,9 \text{ моль} - \nu(\text{CO}_2) \quad +$$

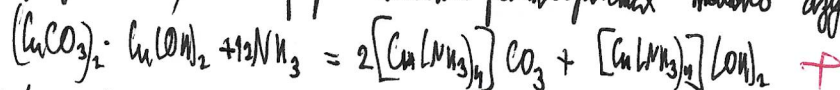
$$\nu(\text{NO}_2) = \nu(\text{смесь}) - \nu(\text{CO}_2) = 1,2 - 0,9 = 0,3 \text{ моль} \quad +$$



$$\nu(\text{FeCO}_3) = \nu(\text{NO}_2) = 0,3 \text{ моль} \quad +$$

$$m(\text{FeCO}_3) = \nu(\text{FeCO}_3) \cdot M(\text{FeCO}_3) = 0,3 \cdot 115,85 = 34,755 \text{ г} \quad +$$

Предположим, что в р-ре аммиака растворяется только азотин:  $+$



$$m(\text{азотин}) = 148,2 - 113,6 = 34,6 \text{ г} \quad +$$

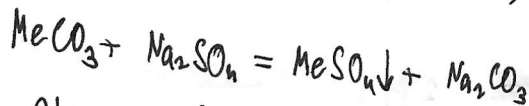
$$m(\text{MgCO}_3) = m(\text{смесь}) - m(\text{азотин}) - m(\text{сидерит})$$

Продолжение на след. странице.



металлик

$$m(\text{MeCO}_3) = 148,2 - 34,6 - 34,755 = 78,845 \text{ г}$$



$$V(\text{MeCO}_3) = V(\text{MeSO}_4)$$

$$\frac{m(\text{MeCO}_3)}{M(\text{MeCO}_3)} = \frac{m(\text{MeSO}_4)}{M(\text{MeSO}_4)}$$

$$\frac{78,845}{M(\text{Me}) + 60} = \frac{93,2}{M(\text{Me}) + 96}$$

$$78,845 M(\text{Me}) + 7569,12 = 93,2 M(\text{Me}) + 5592$$

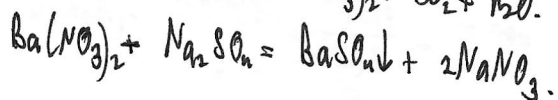
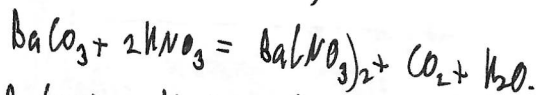
$$14,356 M(\text{Me}) = 1977,12$$

$$M(\text{Me}) = 137,73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}} \Rightarrow \text{Me} - \text{Ba}; \text{интервал} - \text{BaCO}_3.$$

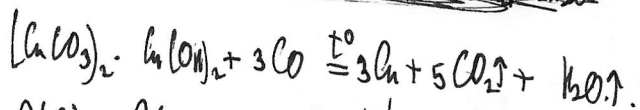
$$m(\text{BaCO}_3) = 78,845 \text{ г}$$

$$m(\text{FeCO}_3) = 34,755 \text{ г}$$

$$m(\text{CuCO}_3) \cdot \text{Cu(OH)}_2 = 34,6 \text{ г}$$

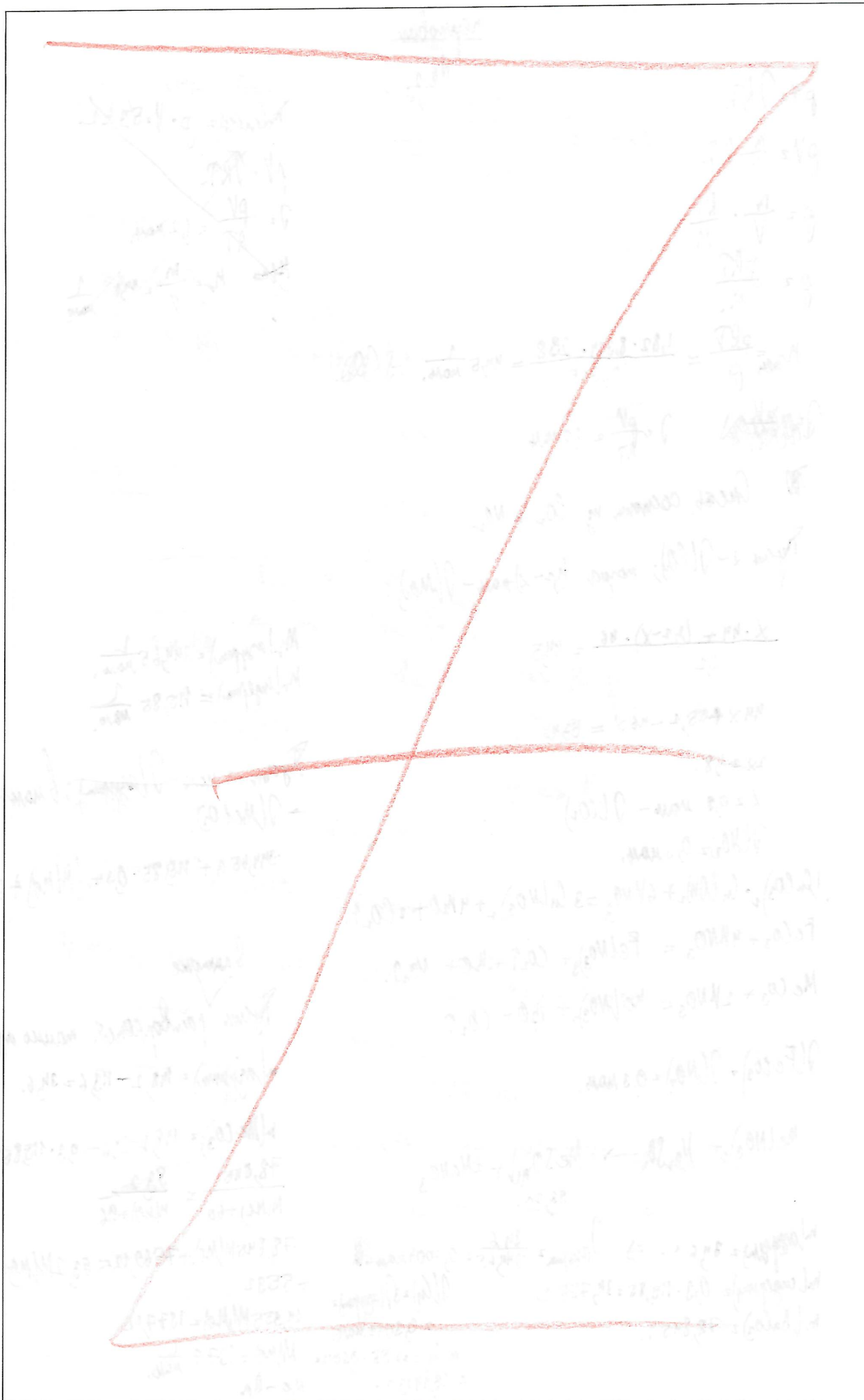


~~$(\text{CuCO}_3)_2 \cdot \text{Cu(OH)}_2 + 3\text{CO} \xrightarrow{t^\circ} 3\text{Cu} + 5\text{CO}_2 \uparrow + \text{H}_2\text{O} \uparrow$~~



$$V(\text{Cu}) = 3V(\text{азурит}) = 3 \cdot \frac{m(\text{азурит})}{M(\text{азурит})} = 3 \cdot \frac{34,6}{349,65} = 0,3012 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(\text{Cu}) = V(\text{Cu}) \cdot M(\text{Cu}) = 0,3012 \cdot 63,55 = 19,14 \text{ г}$$





задача  
№8.2

$$pV = \nu RT$$

$$pV = \frac{m}{M} RT$$

$$p = \frac{m}{V} \cdot \frac{RT}{M}$$

$$p = \frac{pRT}{M}$$

$$M_{\text{соед}} = \frac{pRT}{p} = \frac{582 \cdot 8,314 \cdot 298}{101,325} = 44,5 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$\nu = \frac{pV}{RT} = 1,2 \text{ моль}$$

Смесь состоит из  $\text{CO}_2$  и  $\text{NO}_2$

Пусть  $x - \nu(\text{CO}_2)$ ; тогда  $(1,2-x)$  моль -  $\nu(\text{NO}_2)$ .

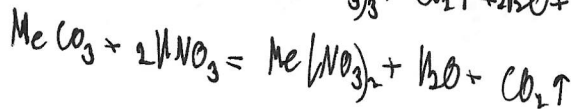
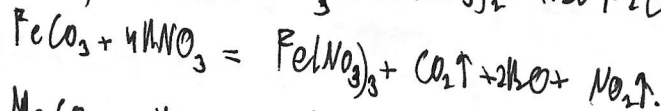
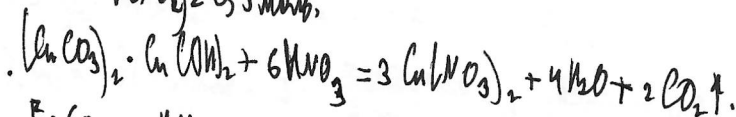
$$\frac{x \cdot 44 + (1,2-x) \cdot 46}{1,2} = 44,5$$

$$44x + 55,2 - 46x = 53,4$$

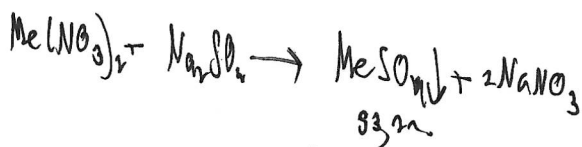
$$2x = 1,8$$

$$x = 0,9 \text{ моль} - \nu(\text{CO}_2)$$

$$\nu(\text{NO}_2) = 0,3 \text{ моль}$$



$$\nu(\text{FeCO}_3) = \nu(\text{NO}_2) = 0,3 \text{ моль}$$



$$m(\text{MgSO}_4) = 34,6 \text{ г} \Rightarrow \nu_{\text{MgSO}_4} = \frac{34,6}{246} = 0,1407 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(\text{Mg(NO}_3)_2) = 0,3 \cdot 148,1 = 44,43 \text{ г}$$

$$m(\text{BaCO}_3) = 78,845 \text{ г}$$

$$\nu(\text{Cu}) = 3 \nu_{\text{MgSO}_4} = 0,4214 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(\text{Cu}) = 0,4214 \cdot 63,55 = 26,78 \text{ г}$$

~~$$m(\text{CuCO}_3) = p \cdot V = 53 \text{ г}$$~~

~~$$pV = \nu RT$$~~

~~$$\nu = \frac{pV}{RT} = 1,2 \text{ моль}$$~~

~~$$M_{\text{соед}} = \frac{m}{\nu} = \frac{53}{1,2} = 44,17 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$$~~

$$M_{\text{r}}(\text{CaSO}_4) = 136,14 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$M_{\text{r}}(\text{MgSO}_4) = 120,36 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$$

Пусть  $a$  моль -  $\nu(\text{CaSO}_4)$ ;  $b$  моль -  $\nu(\text{MgSO}_4)$

$$34,6 + 120,36 \cdot 0,34 + 60 \nu(\text{Mg}) + 60 \nu(\text{Ca}) = 148,2$$

в анализе

Пусть растворится только сульфат

$$m(\text{CaSO}_4) = 148,2 - 113,6 = 34,6$$

$$m(\text{MgCO}_3) = 148,2 - 34,6 - 0,3 \cdot 110,85 = 78,845 \text{ г}$$

$$\frac{78,845}{M(\text{Mg}) + 60} = \frac{34,6}{M(\text{Mg}) + 96}$$

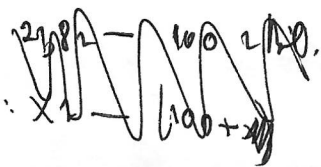
$$78,845 M(\text{Mg}) + 7569,12 = 53,2 M(\text{Mg}) + 5592$$

$$14,355 M(\text{Mg}) = 1877,12$$

$$M(\text{Mg}) = 130,8 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$$

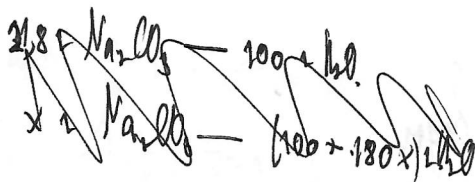
Мг - Ba

метан

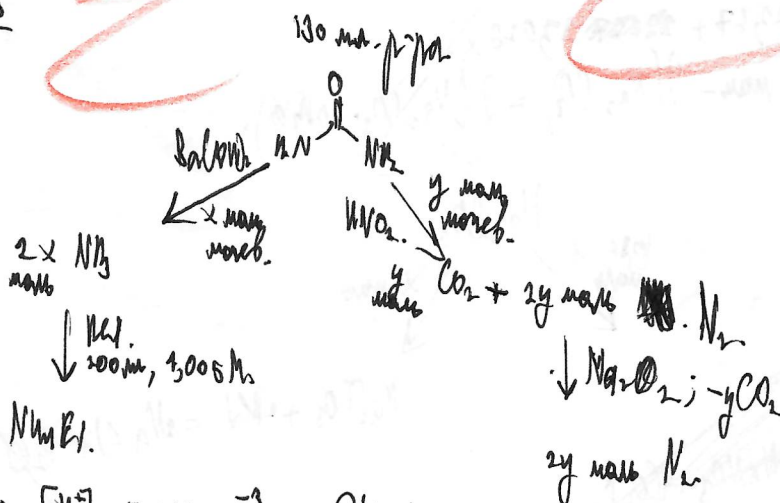


~~$\frac{M(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O})}{M(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3)} = \frac{286}{106} = 2,698$~~

метан.



А.  $\text{NH}_3$



$pH = 9.3 \Rightarrow [\text{H}^+] = 5,012 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ ммоль/л}$

$\rho_{\text{изм}}(\text{NH}_3) = V \cdot C = 0,2 \cdot 1005 = 0,201 \text{ ммоль}$

$\rho_{\text{реак}}(\text{NH}_3) = \rho_{\text{изм}} - \rho_{\text{ам}} = 0,201 - 5,012 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0,196 \text{ ммоль} = \rho(\text{NH}_3) = 2x$

$x = 0,098 \text{ ммоль}$

$2y = 2 \cdot 0,098$

$y = 0,196 \text{ ммоль}$

$\rho_{\text{изм}}(\text{NH}_4\text{CONH}_2) = x + y = 0,098 + 0,196 = 0,294 \text{ ммоль}$

$C(\text{NH}_4\text{CONH}_2) = \frac{\rho}{V} = \frac{0,294}{0,13} = 2,262 \text{ М}$

№ 6.6. Нермолук

~~Пусть  $x$  -  $\text{J}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O})$ .~~

~~$23,8 \text{ г Na}_2\text{CO}_3 - 100 \text{ мл воды}$~~

~~$0,2057 \text{ моль Na}_2\text{CO}_3 - 100 \text{ г воды}$~~

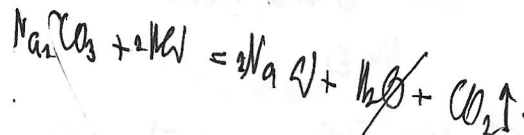
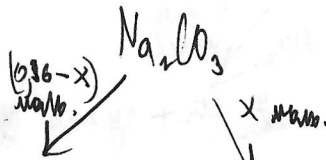
~~$x \text{ моль Na}_2\text{CO}_3 - (10,2 + 18 \cdot x) \text{ г воды}$~~

~~$\frac{0,2057}{x} = \frac{10,2}{10,2 + 18x}$~~

~~$100x = 23,67 + 330,18x$~~

~~$x = 0,36 \text{ моль} - \text{J}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3) = \text{J}(\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O})$ .~~

$n_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = n_{\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3} = 10,2$

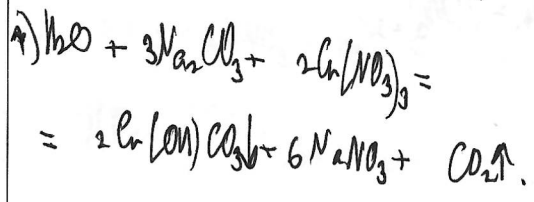
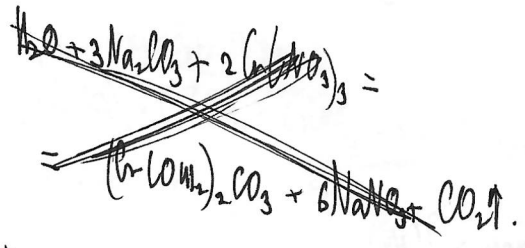
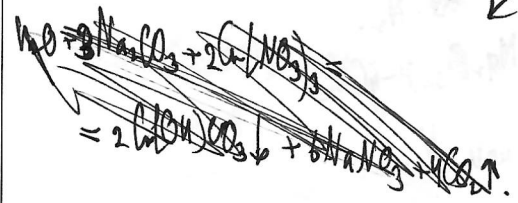


1)  $\frac{0,36-x}{3} = \frac{1}{2}x \quad | \cdot 3$

~~$0,36 - x = 1,5x$   
 $3,5x = 0,36$   
 $x = 0,103 \text{ моль}$~~

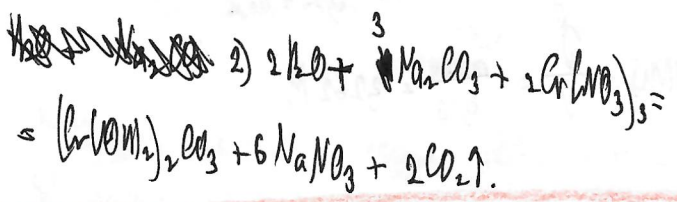
2)  $(0,36-x) \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}x \quad | \cdot 3$

~~$0,72 - 2x = 1,5x$   
 $0,72 = 3,5x$   
 $x = 0,2057 \text{ моль}$~~



моль:

мм:





4.2. методом



$$Q_r = 4Q_p(CO_2) + 6Q_p(H_2O) - 2Q_p(C_2H_6) = 4 \cdot 3935 + 285,8 \cdot 6 - 2 \cdot 84,7 = 31194 \frac{kJ}{моль} = 3119400 \frac{J}{моль}$$

$$Q(H_2O) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{1179}{18} = 65,5 \text{ моль}$$

$$Q = cV\Delta t = 75,31 \cdot 65,5 \cdot 74 = 365027,57 \text{ Дж}$$

$$Q(C_2H_6) = \frac{Q}{Q_r} \cdot 2 = \frac{365027,57}{3119400} \cdot 2 = 0,23404 \text{ моль}$$

$$pV = \nu RT$$

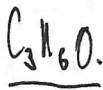
$$V = \frac{\nu RT}{p} = \frac{0,23404 \cdot 8,314 \cdot 288}{100} = 5,604 \text{ л}$$

4.5.  $C_nH_mO$   $\omega(N) = \frac{2n}{m+16} = 0,1035$

$$2n = 5,448m + 1,656$$

$$0,55m = 1,656$$

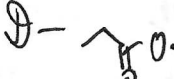
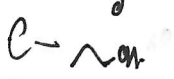
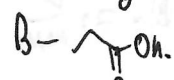
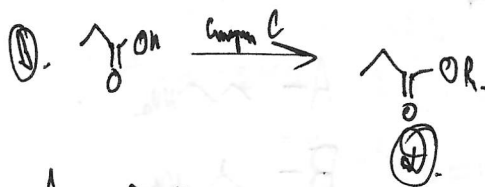
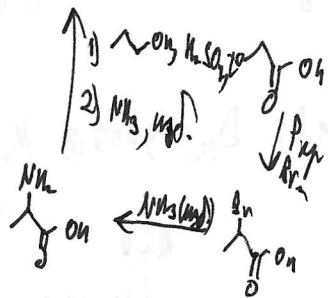
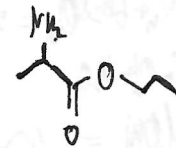
$$n = 3$$



$$\omega(O) = 0,6207$$

$$\omega(H) = 0,1035$$

$$\omega(C) = 0,2758$$

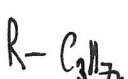


Если R немет. кислород:

$$\omega(O) = \frac{16 \cdot 2}{M(O)} = 0,2758$$

$$M(O) = 116 \frac{1}{\text{моль}}$$

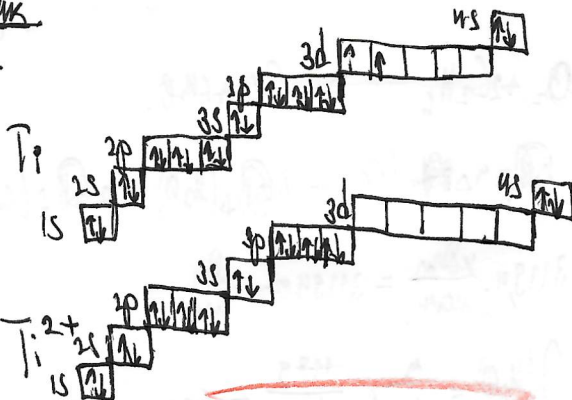
$$M(R) = 43 \frac{1}{\text{моль}}$$



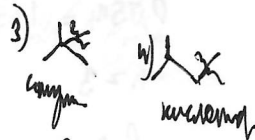
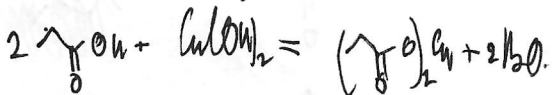
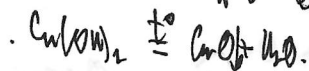
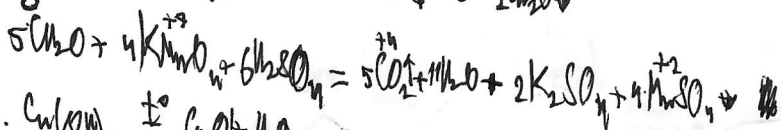
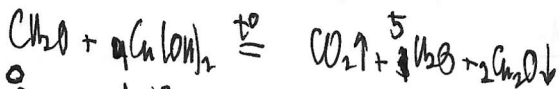
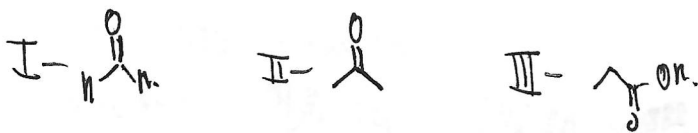
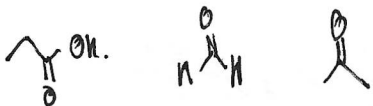
Метробинк  
N1.ч.



2 керон  $\bar{e}$   
10 кер  $\bar{e}$



N2.1.

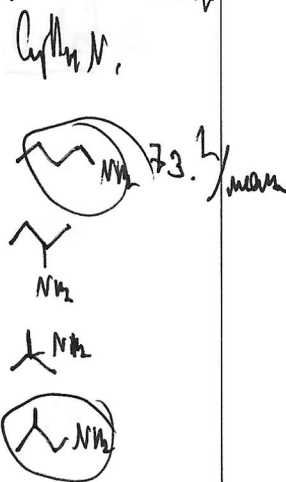
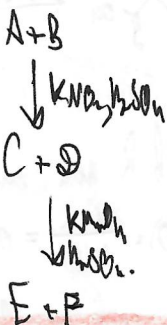


N3.6.

A и B;  $D_{N_2} = 3607 \text{ г}$      $M_r(\text{амин}) = 3607 \cdot 28 = 73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$

A и B - амины?

C и D - спирты



$M_r(A) = M_r(B) = 73 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$

