Олимпиада «Ломоносов» по информатике 2023-2024 учебный год. Заключительный тур Работа участника с id заявки 1206852, логином inf24f 242

Сводный итог по всем задачам в проверяющей системе

Run ID Time User name Problem Language Result Tests Score 13 0:10:46 inf24f_242 1 g++ OK 28 100 190 1:12:20 inf24f_242 2 g++ OK 28 100 392 2:35:55 inf24f_242 3 g++ Partial solution 15 48 298 1:59:17 inf24f_242 4 g++ Partial solution 8 35 97 0:40:49 inf24f_242 5 g++ OK 22 100 533 3:28:30 inf24f_242 6 g++ OK 11 100 483 технических балла 81 итоговый балл

Посылка по задаче 1 [1] #include <bits/stdc++.h> [2] [3] using namespace std; [4] [5] #define int long long [6] [7] #define watch(a) cout << #a << " = " << a << '\n'; [8] [9] void merge(vector<int>& res, vector<int>& v1, vector<int>& v2) [10] { [11] res.clear(); [12] int p1 = 0, p2 = 0; while(p1 < v1.size() || p2 < v2.size()) [13] [14] [15] if (p2 == v2.size() || (p1 < v1.size() && v1[p1] < v2[p2])) [16] res.push_back(v1[p1++]); [17] [18] res.push_back(v2[p2++]); [19] [20] } [21] [22] vector<int> tetra; [23] [24] vector<bool> tut(int n) [25] { [26] vector<bool> res(tetra.size(), 0); [27] for (int i = tetra.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) [28] if (n >= tetra[i] && tetra[i] > 0) [29] [30] [31] res[i] = true; [32] n -= tetra[i]; [33] } [34] [35] return res; [36] } [37] [38] signed main() { [39] ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false); [40] cin.tie(nullptr); [41] cout.tie(nullptr); [42] tetra.push_back(0); [43] tetra.push_back(0); tetra.push_back(0); [44] [45] tetra.push_back(1); [46] while (tetra.back() < 1e12) [47] { [48] int a = tetra.back(); int b = tetra[tetra.size() - 2]; [49] [50] int c = tetra[tetra.size() - 3]; [51] int d = tetra[tetra.size() - 4]; [52] $tetra.push_back(a + b + c + d);$ [53] [54] int size; [55] cin >> size; [56] vector<int> v(size); [57] for (auto& i : v) [58] cin >> i; [59] int res = 0; [60] for (auto& i : v) [61] { [62] vector<bool> b = tut(i); [63] int cnt = 0; [64] for (int i = 0; i < b.size(); i++) [65] if (b[i]) [66] cnt++; [67] if (cnt % 2 == 0) [68] res++; [69] } [70] cout << res << '\n';

[71]

[72] }

return 0;

Посылка по задаче 2

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
[1]
[2]
[3]
     using namespace std;
[4]
[5]
     #define int long long
[6]
     #define watch(a) cout << #a << " = " << a << '\n';
[7]
[8]
[9]
     void merge(vector<int>& res, vector<int>& v1, vector<int>& v2)
[10] {
[11]
         res.clear();
         int p1 = 0, p2 = 0;
[12]
[13]
         while(p1 < v1.size() || p2 < v2.size())
[14]
[15]
              if (p2 == v2.size() || (p1 < v1.size() && v1[p1] < v2[p2]))
                 res.push_back(v1[p1++]);
[16]
              else
[17]
[18]
                 res.push_back(v2[p2++]);
         }
[19]
[20] }
[21]
[22] vector<int> tetra;
[23]
[24] vector<bool> tut(int n)
[25] {
[26]
         vector<bool> res(tetra.size(), 0);
[27]
         for (int i = tetra.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
[28]
[29]
              if (n >= tetra[i] && tetra[i] > 0)
[30]
[31]
                 res[i] = true;
[32]
                 n -= tetra[i];
[33]
              }
[34]
[35]
         return res;
[36]
[37]
[38] map<char, vector<int>> m;
[39]
[40] vector<bool> used;
[41]
[42] void read(string& a, int& ind, int depth = 0)
[43]
[44]
         used[ind] = true;
[45]
         char c = a[ind];
[46]
         if (c == 'Q')
[47]
         {
              for (int i = 0; i< 8; i++)
[48]
[49]
                  ind++;
[50]
[51]
                 read(a, ind, depth + 3);
[52]
              }
[53]
[54]
         else
[55]
             m[c][depth]++;
[56] }
```

```
[57]
[58] void out(vector<int>& v)
[59] {
         for (int i = v.size() - 1; i \ge 0; i--)
[60]
[61]
[62]
              while(v[i] >= 2)
[63]
              {
[64]
                  v[i]-=2;
[65]
                  v[i-1]++;
[66]
[67]
         while(v.back() == 0)
[68]
[69]
             v.pop_back();
[70]
[71]
         while(v.size() < 2)
[72]
             v.push_back(0);
[73]
[74]
         cout << v[0] << '.' << v[1];
         for (int i = 2; i < v.size(); i++)
[75]
[76]
             cout << v[i];</pre>
[77]
[78]
[79]
     }
[80]
[81] signed main()
[82] {
          string col = "WROYGCBVD";
[83]
[84]
          for (auto& i : col)
[85]
             m[i].resize(10000, 0);
[86]
          string a;
[87]
         cin >> a;
[88]
         used.resize(a.size(), false);
[89]
         int d = 0;
[90]
         read(a, d);
[91]
          vector<pair<vector<int>, char>> v;
[92]
         for (auto i : col)
[93]
              v.push_back({m[i], -i});
[94]
[95]
         sort(begin(v), end(v));
[96]
[97]
         cout << char(-v.back().second) << '\n';</pre>
[98]
         out(v.back().first);
[99]
[100]
         return 0;
[101]
[102] }
```

Посылка по задаче 3 [1] #include <bits/stdc++.h> [2] [3] using namespace std; [4] [5] #define int long long [6] #define watch(a) cout << #a << " = " << a << '\n'; [7] [8] [9] vector<int> getnum(string& a) [10] { [11] vector<int> res(107, 0); if (a[0] == '[') [12] [13] return res; for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) [14] [15] if (a[i] == '(' || a[i] == ')') [16] [17] continue; [18] for (int j = i; j < i + 3; j++) [19] if (a[j] != '(' && a[j] != ')') [20] [21] { int r = 0; [22] if (a[i] == 'i') [23] [24] r = 1;if (a[i] == 'I') [25] [26] r = 4;if (a[i] == 'J') [27] [28] r = 7;[29] if (a[i] == 'j') [30] r = 10;[31] r += j - i; res[i] += r; [32] [33] break; [34] } } [35] [36] [37] for (int i = 0; i < res.size() - 1; i++) [38] [39] while(res[i] >= 12) [40] { [41] res[i] -= 12; [42] res[i + 1]++;[43] [44] [45] reverse(begin(res), end(res)); [46] return res; [47] } [48] [49] signed main() [50] { [51] vector<string> num; [52] map<int, string> m; m[0] = "[]"; [53] num.push_back("[]"); [54] [55] num.push_back("i"); num.push_back("i("); [56] [57] num.push_back("i(("); num.push_back("I"); Γ58₁ num.push_back("I("); [59] num.push_back("I(("); num.push_back("J"); [60] [61] num.push_back("J)"); [62] num.push_back("J))"); num.push_back("j"); [63] [64] num.push_back("j)"); [65] num.push_back("j))"); [66] [67]

```
[68]
[69]
          for (int i = 1; i <= 12; i++)
[70]
[71]
               m[i] = num[i];
[72]
               for (int j = 1; j <= 12; j++)
[73]
                   string a = num[i];
a.insert(a.end(), num[j].begin(), num[j].end());
[74]
[75]
[76]
                   m[i + j * 12] = a;
[77]
                   for (int k = 1; k \le 12; k++)
[78]
[79]
                        string b = a;
                       b.insert(b.end(), num[k].begin(), num[k].end());
m[i + j * 12 + k * 144] = b;
[80]
[81]
[82]
[83]
               }
[84]
[85]
          int size;
[86]
[87]
          cin >> size;
          vector<vector<int>> v(size);
[88]
[89]
[90]
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
[91]
              string a;
[92]
[93]
               cin >> a;
[94]
              v[i] = getnum(a);
[95]
          }
[96]
          int mn = 0, mx = 0;
[97]
          for (int i = 1; i < size; i++)
[98]
[99]
               if (v[i] \leftarrow v[mn])
                   mn = i;
[100]
               if (v[i] >= v[mx])
[101]
[102]
                   mx = i;
[103]
[104]
          if (mn > mx)
[105]
              swap(mn, mx);
          if (mn == mx)
[106]
[107]
              cout << m[mn] << '\n' << m[mn + 1];</pre>
[108]
          else
[109]
               cout << m[mn + 1] << '\n' << m[mx + 1];
[110]
[111]
          return 0;
[112] }
```

Посылка по задаче 4

```
[1]
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
[2]
[3]
     using namespace std;
[4]
[5]
     #define int long long
[6]
[7]
     #define watch(a) cout << #a << " = " << a << '\n';
[8]
[9]
     void merge(vector<int>& res, vector<int>& v1, vector<int>& v2)
[10] {
[11]
          res.clear();
         int p1 = 0, p2 = 0;
while(p1 < v1.size() || p2 < v2.size())
[12]
[13]
[14]
[15]
              if (p2 == v2.size() || (p1 < v1.size() && v1[p1] < v2[p2]))
                  res.push_back(v1[p1++]);
[16]
[17]
[18]
                  res.push_back(v2[p2++]);
[19]
[20] }
[21]
[22] vector<int> tetra;
[23]
[24] vector<bool> tut(int n)
[25] {
          vector<bool> res(tetra.size(), 0);
[26]
[27]
          for (int i = tetra.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
[28]
              if (n >= tetra[i] && tetra[i] > 0)
[29]
[30]
[31]
                  res[i] = true;
[32]
                  n -= tetra[i];
[33]
              }
[34]
[35]
          return res;
[36] }
[37]
     int countadd(int x, int y, int z, int ind, vector<vector<int>>& m)
[38]
[39] {
[40]
          if (x == y \&\& y == z)
[41]
[42]
              return m[x][ind];
[43]
          if (x == y)
[44]
              return m[x][ind] + m[z][ind];
[45]
          if (x == z)
[46]
             return m[x][ind] + m[y][ind];
          if (y == z)
[47]
[48]
             return m[x][ind] + m[y][ind];
[49]
          return m[x][ind] + m[y][ind] + m[z][ind];
[50] }
[51]
[52] int min3(int a, int b, int c)
[53] {
[54]
          return min(a, min(b, c));
[55] }
[56]
```

```
[57] int max3(int a, int b, int c)
[58] {
[59]
             return max(a, max(b, c));
[60] }
[61]
[62] signed main()
[63] {
             int sizex, sizey;
cin >> sizex >> sizey;
[64]
[65]
             int s1, s2, s3;
cin >> s1 >> s2 >> s3;
[66]
[67]
             cin >> s1 >> s2 >> s3;
vector<vector<vint>> v(sizex, vector<iint>(sizey, 0));
for (auto& i : v)
    for (auto& j : i)
        cin >> j;
for (int i = 0; i< sizex; i++)
    if (i != s1 && i != s2 && i != s3)
        v[i][0] = -100000000000;
vector<vector<vector<vector<vector<vector<int>>>> dp(sizex, 0))));
[68]
[69]
[70]
[71]
[72]
[73]
[74]
[75]
[76]
[77]
             dp[0][s1][s2][s3] = countadd(s1, s2, s3, 0, v);
for (int ind = 0; ind < sizey - 1; ind++)</pre>
[78]
[79]
[80]
[81]
                    for (int x = 0; x < sizex; x++)
[82]
[83]
                         for (int y = 0; y < sizex; y++)
[84]
[85]
                               for (int z = 0; z < sizex; z++)
[86]
[87]
                                      for (int a = max(-111, -x); a <= min(111, sizex - 1 - x); a++)
[88]
[89]
                                            for (int b = max(-111, -y); b <= min(111, sizex - 1 - y); b++)
[90]
[91]
                                                  for (int c = max(-111, -z); c <= min(111, sizex - 1 - z); c++)
[92]
                                                       dp[ind + 1][x + a][y + b][z + c] = max(dp[ind + 1][x + a][y + b][z + c], \\ dp[ind][x][y][z] + countadd(x + a, y + b, z + c, ind +1, v));
F931
[94]
[95]
[96]
[97]
                                    }
                       }
[98]
             }
[100]
            int r = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < sizex; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < sizex; j++)
        for (int k = 0; k < sizex; k++)
        r = max(r, dp.back()[i][j][k]);</pre>
[101]
[102]
[103]
[104]
[105]
[106]
             cout << r;
[107]
[108]
[109]
              return 0;
[110]}
```

Посылка по задаче 5 [1] #include <bits/stdc++.h> [2] [3] using namespace std; [4] [5] #define int long long [6] #define watch(a) cout << #a << " = " << a << '\n'; [7] [8] [9] void merge(vector<int>& res, vector<int>& v1, vector<int>& v2) [10] { [11] res.clear(); int p1 = 0, p2 = 0; [12] [13] while(p1 < v1.size() || p2 < v2.size()) [14] [15] if (p2 == v2.size() || (p1 < v1.size() && v1[p1] < v2[p2])) res.push_back(v1[p1++]); [16] else [17] [18] res.push_back(v2[p2++]); [19] } [20] } [21] [22] vector<int> tetra; [23] [24] vector<bool> tut(int n) [25] { [26] vector<bool> res(tetra.size(), 0); [27] for (int i = tetra.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)[28] [29] if (n >= tetra[i] && tetra[i] > 0) [30] [31] res[i] = true; [32] n -= tetra[i]; [33] } [34] [35] return res; [36] } [37] [38] signed main() { [39] string a, b; [40] cin >> a >> b;[41] vector<int> cb(26, 0); for (auto& i : b) cb[i - 'a']++; [42] [43] [44] vector<vector<int>> ca(a.size(), vector<int>(26, 0)); ca[0][a[0] - 'a']++; [45] [46] for (int i = 1; i < a.size(); i++) [47] { [48] ca[i] = ca[i-1];[49] ca[i][a[i] - 'a']++; [50] for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) [51] [52] { if (cb[i] > ca.back()[i])[53] [54] return 0;

}

[55]

```
[56]
          int size = a.size();
[57]
          pair<int, int> best = {0, a.size()};
[58]
          for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++)
[59]
              int l = i + 1, r = size;
[60]
              while(r - l > 1)
[61]
[62]
[63]
                   int m = (1+r) /2;
                   vector<int> c = ca[m-1];
[64]
[65]
                   bool flag = true;
[66]
                   if (i == 0)
[67]
[68]
                       for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
if (c[j] < cb[j])
[69]
[70]
                               flag = false;
                       if (flag)
[71]
[72]
                           r = m;
[73]
                       else
                           1 = m;
[74]
[75]
                       continue;
[76]
                   for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
[77]
[78]
[79]
                       c[j] -= ca[i-1][j];
                       if (c[j] < cb[j])
[80]
[81]
                           flag = false;
[82]
[83]
                   if (flag)
[84]
                       r = m;
[85]
                   else
                       1 = m;
[86]
[87]
[88]
              vector < int > c = ca[r - 1];
[89]
              bool flag = true;
[90]
              if (i > 0) {
                   for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
c[j] -= ca[i - 1][j];
[91]
[92]
                   for (int j = 0; j < 26; j++)
if (c[j] < cb[j])
[93]
[94]
[95]
                           flag = false;
[96]
              if (flag == false)
[97]
[98]
                   break;
              int right = r;
[99]
[100]
              int len = r - i;
[101]
              if (len < best.second)
                  best = {i, len};
[102]
[103]
[104]
          for (int i = best.first; i < best.first + best.second; i++)
[105]
[106]
             cout << a[i];
[107]
          return 0;
[108] }
```

Посылка по задаче 6

```
[1]
    #include <bits/stdc++.h>
[2]
[3]
    using namespace std;
[4]
[5]
    #define int long long
[6]
[7] pair<string, vector<short>> readstring(string& a)
[8]
[9]
          string name;
[10]
         int ind = 0;
         while(a[ind] != ';')
[11]
[12]
             name.push_back(a[ind++]);
         vector<short> v;
[13]
[14]
         for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++)
[15]
             if (a[i] != ';')
[16]
[17]
                 continue;
[18]
              for (int j = i + 1; j < a.size(); j++)
[19]
             {
[20]
                 if (a[j] != ';')
[21]
                     continue;
[22]
[23]
                 string buff;
[24]
                 for (int k = i + 1; k < j; k++)
[25]
                     buff.push_back(a[k]);
                 v.push_back(buff == "OK");
[26]
                 break;
[27]
[28]
[29]
         }
[30]
         return {name, v};
[31] }
[32]
[33] const int m1 = 2000000011;
[34] const int m2 = 2000000099;
[35] const int m3 = 2000000033;
[36]
[37] vector<int> power1, power2, power3;
[38]
[39] const int p = 7;
[40]
[41] signed main()
[42] {
[43]
         power1.resize(1000007);
[44]
         power1[0] = 1;
[45]
         power2 = power1;
[46]
         power3 = power1;
[47]
         for (int i = 1; i < power1.size(); i++)
[48]
[49]
             power1[i] = power1[i-1] * p % m1;
[50]
             power2[i] = power2[i-1] * p % m2;
[51]
             power3[i] = power3[i-1] * p % m3;
[52]
[53]
         map<string, vector<vector<short>>> m;
[54]
         string u;
```

```
[55]
          while(cin >> u)
[56]
[57]
              if (u.size() < 2)
[58]
                   break;
[59]
              u.push_back(';');
[60]
              auto p = readstring(u);
[61]
              m[p.first].push_back(p.second);
[62]
          map<string, int> anssize;
[63]
[64]
          for (auto& i : m)
[65]
[66]
[67]
              // debug
             /* cout << i.first << '\n';
[68]
[69]
              for (auto& k : i.second)
[70]
                   for (auto \& 1 : k)
[71]
[72]
                      cout << 1;
                   cout << '\n';
[73]
[74]
[75]
              */
              //debug
[76]
[77]
              int s = 0;
              for (auto& j : i.second)
[78]
[79]
                  s = max(s, (int)j.size());
[80]
              anssize[i.first] = s;
              cout << anssize[i.first] << ' ';
[81]
[82]
[83]
              vector<int> h1(s, 0), h2(s, 0), h3(s, 0);
[84]
              for (int j = 0; j < i.second.size(); j++)
[85]
[86]
                   for (int k = 0; k < i.second[j].size(); k++)</pre>
[87]
[88]
                       if (!i.second[j][k])
[89]
                           continue;
                       h1[k] += power1[j];
h1[k] %= m1;
[90]
[91]
[92]
                       h2[k] += power2[j];
[93]
                       h2[k] %= m2;
[94]
                       h3[k] += power3[j];
[95]
                       h3[k] %= m3;
[96]
                   }
[97]
[98]
              set<pair<int, pair<int,int>>> st;
[99]
              for (int d = 0; d < s; d++)
              st.insert({h1[d], {h2[d], h3[d]}});
cout << st.size() << '\n';</pre>
[100]
[101]
[102]
[103]
          return 0;
[104]
[105] }
```