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**МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ  
имени М.В.ЛОМОНОСОВА**

+ / мсб

Вариант 1

Место проведения г.Москва  
город

**ПИСЬМЕННАЯ РАБОТА**

Олимпиада школьников олимпиада школьников „ломоносов“  
название олимпиады

по химии  
профиль олимпиады

Лейзерович София Владиленовна  
фамилия, имя, отчество участника (в родительном падеже)

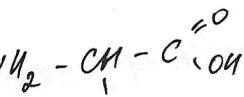
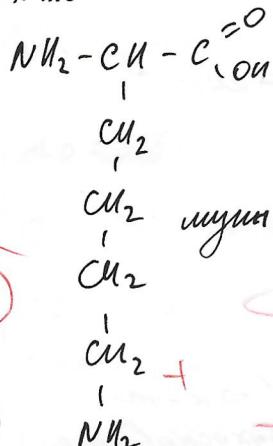
Дата

«03 » марта 2024 года

Подпись участника

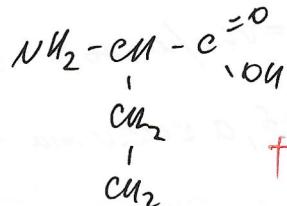
гидроксик

N.5



амин

94

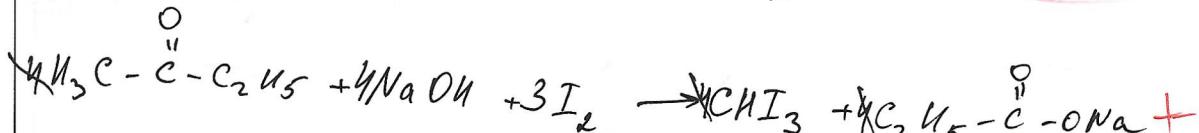
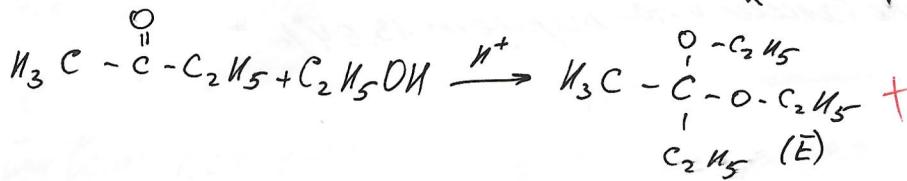
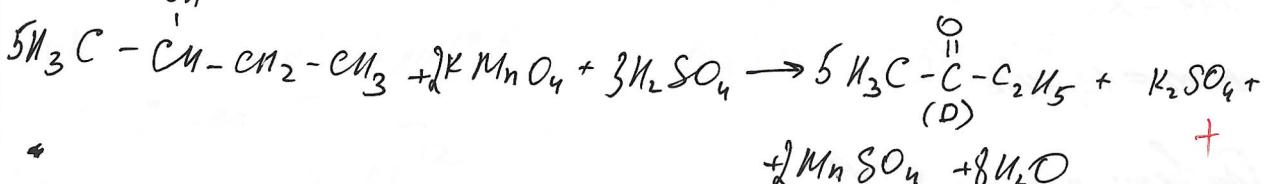
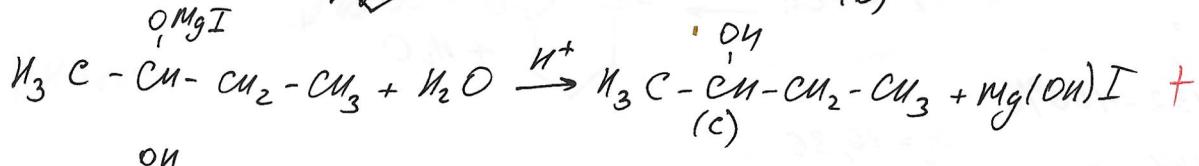
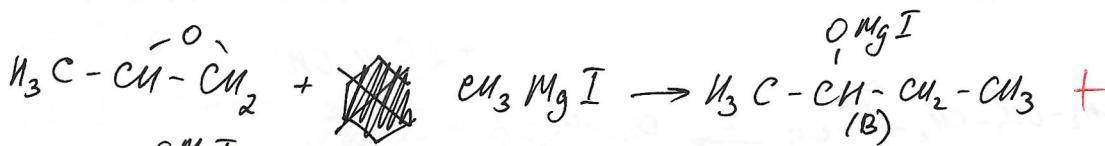
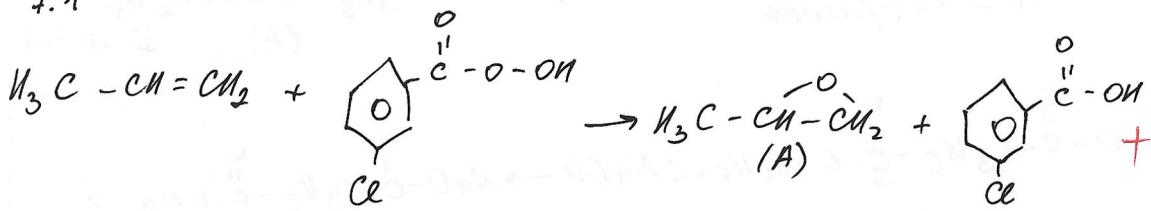


гидроксик  
щупик

щупикообразный к-т

Он бенз: 1-амин; 2-щупикообразный к-т; 3-щупик

7.1



$$\text{D(D)} = \frac{10.8\text{г}}{72\text{г/моль}} = 0.15\text{ моль} = \text{D(F)}$$

$$\text{m(F)} = 0.15 \cdot 394 = 59.1 - 100\%$$

$$75\% - 44.325\text{г}$$

Он бенз: m б-б (F) с выходом 75% = 44.325г

3.5

исходник

$$m(\text{NaOH}) = m(\text{соды}) + m(\text{спирта}) - m(\text{сл. эп.}) = 44r + 23r - 47r = 20r \quad +$$

$$\frac{M(\text{NaOH})}{M(\text{NaOH})} = \frac{20r}{40r/\text{моль}} = 0.5 \text{ моль} \quad +$$

$$M(\text{спирта}) = 0.5 \text{ моль}$$

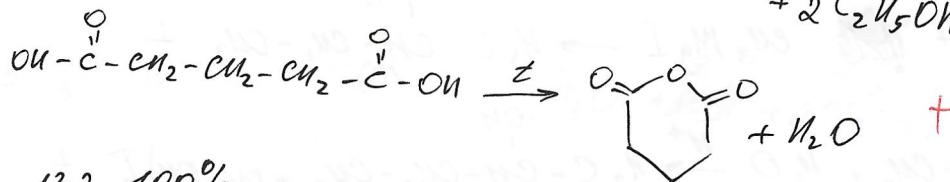
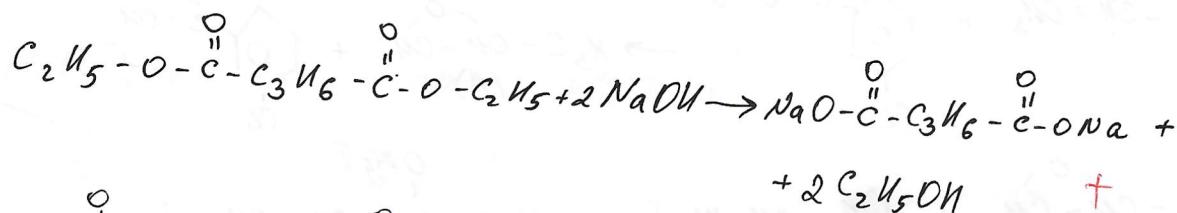
$$M(\text{спирта}) = \frac{23r}{0.5 \text{ моль}} = 46r/\text{моль} \Rightarrow \text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \quad +$$

спирт однодоминантен, а кислота теряет воду при  $t \Rightarrow$  к-та

$$M(\text{сл. эп.}) = \frac{47r}{0.5 \text{ моль}} \cdot 2 = 188r/\text{моль} \quad +$$

$$M(R-\overset{\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\underset{\underset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\text{C}}-\text{O}-\text{C}_2\text{H}_5})_2 = 146r/\text{моль}$$

$$M(R) = 188 - 146 = 42r/\text{моль} \Rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5-\overset{\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\underset{\underset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\text{C}}-\text{C}_3\text{H}_6-\overset{\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\underset{\underset{\text{O}}{\parallel}}{\text{C}}-\text{O}-\text{C}_2\text{H}_5} \quad +$$



$$132 - 100\% \quad +$$

$$144 - x \quad x = 86,36$$

$$\Delta m = 13,64\% \quad +$$

Ответ: при нагревании к-та теряет 13,64% +

и.и

листовик



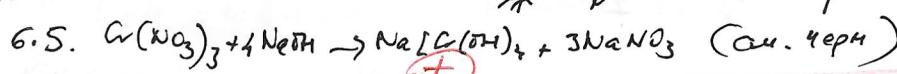
$$\Omega_p = 3852 \cdot 6 \text{ кДж (на 2 моль)} ; \text{ на 1 моль} (C_6H_6) = 1926.3 \text{ кДж.}$$

$$C \cdot V(\text{одн.}) = 1175.25 \text{ Дж/К}$$

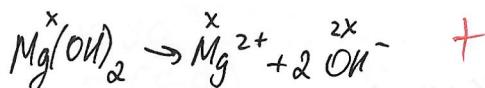
$$\Delta t = 1,64 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ К}$$

$$t_{\max} = 298,002 \text{ К}$$

$\Omega_m \text{бем: } 298,002 \text{ К}$  (наиме ~~е~~ первые на гермобике) (аэ)



5.1



$$\Pi P = [Mg^{2+}][OH^-]^2 +$$

$$7 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-12} = 4x^3$$

$$x = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$[H^+] [OH^-] = 10^{-14}$$

$$[H^+] = \frac{10^{-14}}{2,42 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 4,13 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$pH = 10,38 +$$

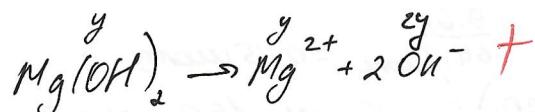
$$pH = 12,5 \Rightarrow [H^+] = 10^{-12,5}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-1,5}$$

$$7 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-12} = y \cdot (10^{-1,5})^2$$

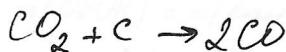
$$y = 7 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-12}$$

$$\Omega_m \text{бем: } 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4}; pH = 10,38; 7 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-12}$$



2.1

штобчик



$$42 \cdot 4 = \frac{44x + 28y}{x+y}$$

$$9y = x +$$

|   |        |        |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | $CO_2$ | $CO$   |
| δ | 9      | 4      |
| η | a      |        |
| 0 | $9-a$  | $2a+1$ |

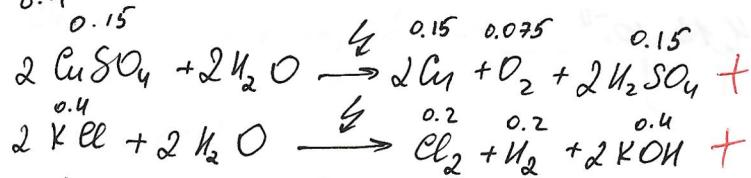
Остались:  $CO_2 = 9$  моль $CO = 11$  моль

$$M_{\text{ком. см.}} = \frac{44 \cdot 4 + 11 \cdot 28}{15} = 32.3 \text{ г/моль}$$

$$\bar{D}(H_2)_{\text{КОН}} = \frac{32.3}{2} = 16.15$$

Ответ: 16,15 +

8.4



$$\bar{D}(Cu) = \frac{9.6 \text{ г}}{64 \text{ г/моль}} = 0.15 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(CuSO_4) = 0.15 \text{ моль} \cdot 160 = 24 \text{ г}$$

$$m(KCl) = 53.8 \text{ г} - 24 \text{ г} = 29.8 \text{ г}$$

$$\bar{D}(KCl) = \frac{29.8 \text{ г}}{74.5 \text{ г/моль}} = 0.4 \text{ моль}$$

$$\frac{V(A)}{V(K)} = \frac{0.075 + 0.2}{0.2} = 1.375 > \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow H_2O \text{ подверглось электролизу}$$



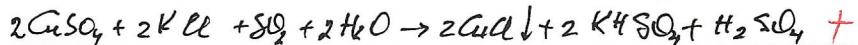
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{0.075 + 0.2 + 6x}{0.2 + x} \Rightarrow x = 0.85$$

$$3(0.075 + 0.2 + 6x) = (0.2 + x)2$$

$$0.225 + 0.6 - 6x = 0.4 + 2x$$

$$0.825 + 6x = 0.4 + 2x$$

$$4x = -0.425$$



$$m(p-pa)_{\text{кои}} = m(\text{смеси}) + m(H_2O) - m(H) - m(O_2) - m(Cl_2) - m(H_2) - m(H_2O) \stackrel{+}{=} 461.9 \text{ г}$$

$$m(O_2) = 0.075 \cdot 32 = 2.4 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

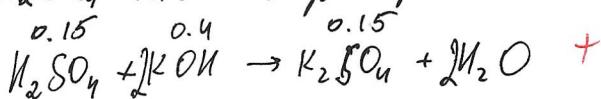
$$m(Cl_2) = 0.2 \cdot 71 = 14.2 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

$$m(H_2) = 0.2 \cdot 2 = 0.4 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

$$m(H_2O) = 15.3 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

$$m(H) = 9.6 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

~~Недостаток реагируемых веществ~~



$$D(KOH)_{\text{ост.}} = 0.1 \text{ моль} \quad \text{+} \quad \omega(KOH) = 1.21\% \quad \text{+}$$

$$m(KOH)_{\text{ост.}} = 0.1 \text{ моль} \cdot 56 \text{ г/моль} = 5.6 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

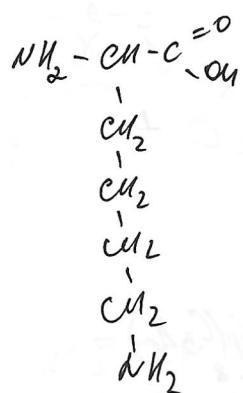
$$m(K_2SO_4) = 0.15 \cdot 174 = 26.1 \text{ г} \quad \text{+} \quad \omega(H_2SO_4) = 5.65\% \quad \text{+}$$

$$m(CuCl) = 14.93 \text{ г} \quad \text{+}$$

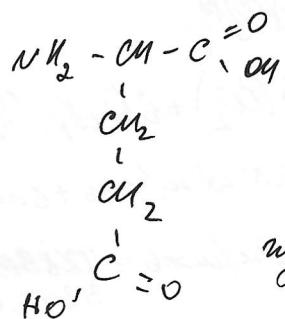
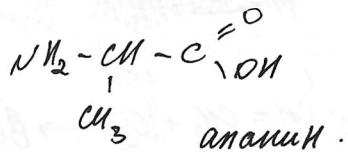
Чистовик

1.5.

герновик



ищем



шуташиновский к-та

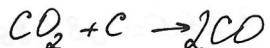
1- аликин

2. - шуташиновский к-та

3- ищем

2.1

$$P_{H_2} = 21.2$$

Пусть  $CO_2 - x$ 

$$V_2 = 1.5 V_1$$

$$42.4 = \frac{44x + 28y}{x+y}$$

 $CO - y$ \*  $D_{H_2}$  кон.-?

$$42.4y - 28y = 44x - 42.4x$$

Пусть  $CO_2$  прореаг.-а

$$14.4y = 1.6x$$

$$\begin{array}{r} CO_2 \\ 9 \\ \delta \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} CO \\ 1 \\ 9-y = x \end{array}$$

$$1.5 = \frac{9-a+2a+1}{10}$$

$$0 \quad 9-a \quad 2a+1$$

$$1.5 = \frac{10+a}{10}$$

$$15 = 10+a$$

$$a = 5$$

осталось:  $CO_2 = 4$  моль $CO = 11$  моль

$$\begin{aligned} M(1\text{кн. смеси.}) &= \frac{\cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{11} \cdot \cancel{2}}{\cancel{15}} = \frac{44.4 + 11 \cdot 28}{15} = D_{H_2} = \frac{M(\text{смеси.})}{M(H_2)} \\ &= 32.3 \text{ г/моль.} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{H_2} \text{ кон.} = \frac{32.3}{2} = 16,15$$

Ответ: 16,15

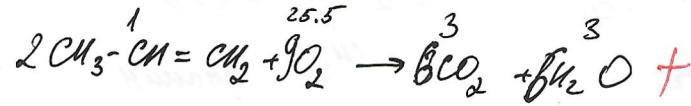
~~зарисовка~~4.4. Син

$$\overline{D(CH_3 - CH = CH_2)} = 1 \text{ моль}$$

$$D(O_2) = 30 \text{ моль}$$

$$t_{\text{нор.}} = 25^\circ C$$

$$t_{\text{max}} - ?$$

Решение задачи

$$\begin{aligned} Q_p &= 6Q_{\text{обр}}(CO_2) + 6Q_{\text{обр}}(H_2O) \\ &= 6 \frac{2361}{\text{моль}} \cdot 343.5 \frac{\text{Дж/моль}}{\text{моль}} + 6 \text{моль} \cdot 241.8 \frac{\text{Дж/моль}}{\text{моль}} - \\ &\quad - 2 \cdot (-20.4) \frac{\text{Дж/моль}}{\text{моль}} = 1175.25 \text{Дж. (на 2 моль)} \Rightarrow \\ &\Rightarrow \text{на 1 моль} = 587.625 \text{Дж} + \end{aligned}$$

$$Q = CD_{\Delta t} +$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{Q}{CD}$$

$$CD(CO_2) = 53.5 \frac{\text{Дж/моль}\cdot K}{\text{моль}} \cdot 3 = 160.5 = \text{Дж/К} +$$

$$CD(H_2O) = 43 \cdot 3 = 129.9 \frac{\text{Дж/К}}{\text{моль}} +$$

$$CD(O_2) = 34.7 \cdot 25.5 = 884.85 \frac{\text{Дж/К}}{\text{моль}} +$$

$$CD_{\text{общ.}} = 1175.25 \frac{\text{Дж/К}}{\text{моль}} +$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{587.625 \text{Дж}}{1175.25 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{К}}} = \frac{1175.25 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{К}}}{1175.25 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{К}}} =$$

$$= 1,64 \cdot 10^{-3} K = 1940 K +$$

$$25^\circ C = 298 K$$

$$1940 K$$

$$1938 K +$$

$$t_{\text{max}} = 298 K + 1,64 \cdot 10^{-3} K = 298.002 K.$$

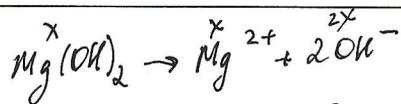
$$\text{Ответ: } 298.002 K +$$

## ЛИСТ-ВКЛАДЫШ

заряды

5.1.

$$\text{D.P.} (\text{Mg(OH)}_2) = 7.1 \cdot 10^{-12}$$

 $\text{pH} \approx 12.5$ 

$$\text{D.P.} = [\text{Mg}^{2+}]^1 [\text{OH}^-]^2$$

$$7.1 \cdot 10^{-12} = x \cdot (12x)^2 = x \cdot 144x^2 = 144x^3$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{7.1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{144}} = 1.21 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

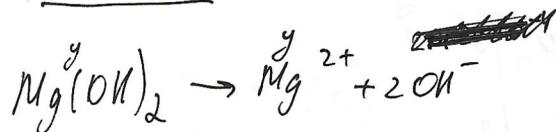
$$x = 1.21 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$[\text{H}^+] \cdot [\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-14}$$



$$[\text{H}^+] = \frac{10^{-14}}{2.42 \cdot 10^{-4}} = \frac{10^{-10}}{2.42} = 4.13 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{pH} = 10.38$$



$$\text{D.P.} = [\text{H}^+] = 10^{-12.5}$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = \frac{10^{-14}}{10^{-12.5}} = 10^{-1.5}$$

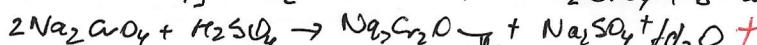
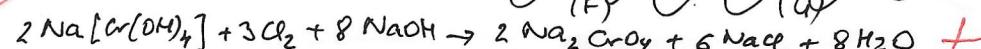
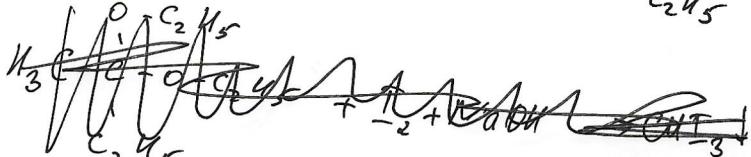
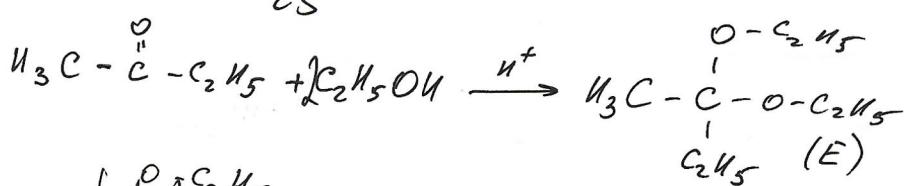
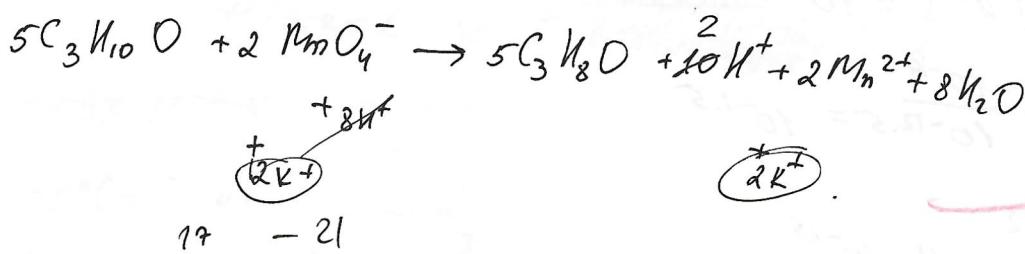
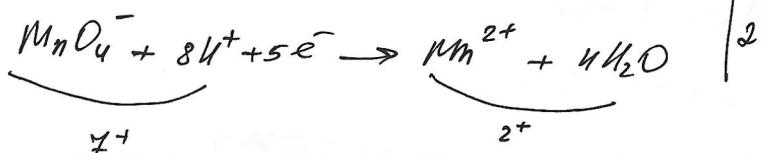
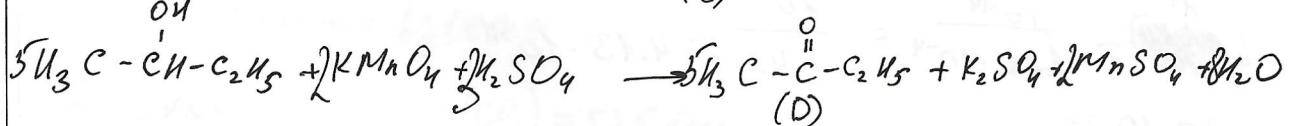
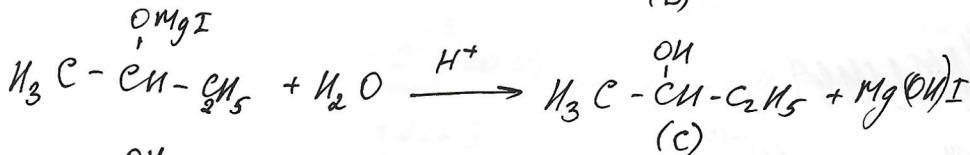
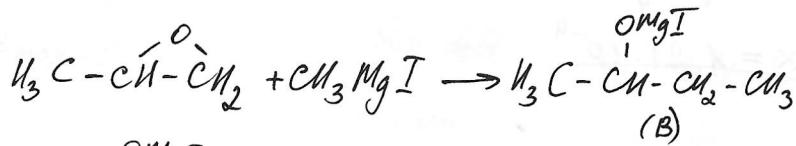
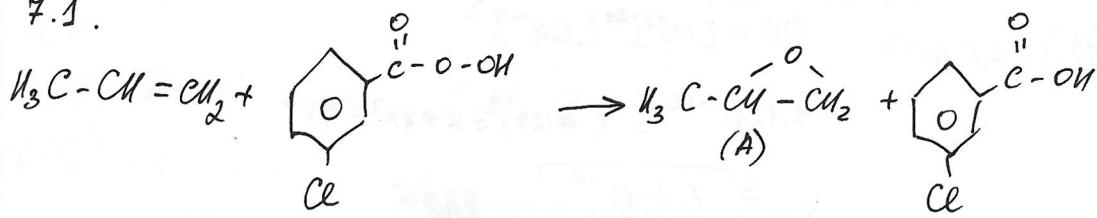
$$7.1 \cdot 10^{-12} = y \cdot 10^{-1.5}$$

$$y = \frac{7.1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{10^{-1.5}} = 7.1 \cdot 10^{-10.5}$$

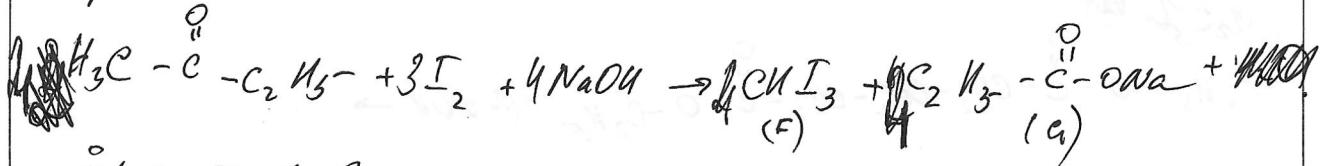
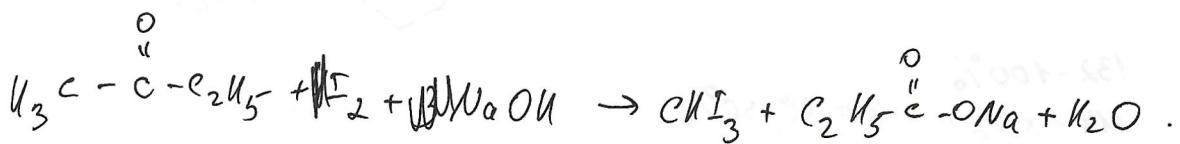
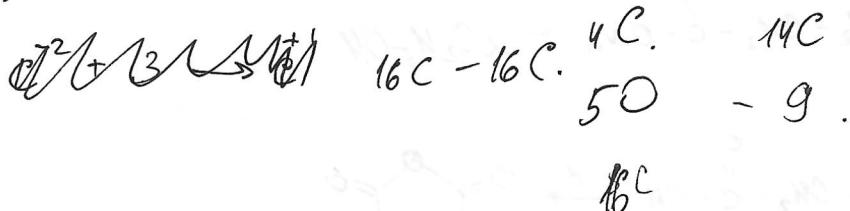
ЛИСТ-ВКЛАДЫШ

Черновик

7.1.



серновик

~~127~~  $\Rightarrow$  27

$$\mathcal{V}(D) = \frac{10.8\text{г}}{72\text{г/моль}} = 0.15 \text{ моль.}$$

$$\mathcal{V}(F) = \mathcal{V}(D) = 0.15 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(F) = 0.15 \text{ моль} \cdot 394 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}} = 59.1 \text{ г.}$$

$$59.1 - 100\%$$

$$x - 75\% \quad x = 44.325 \text{ г}$$

3.5

$$m(\text{Ca. эп.}) = 47 \text{ г} \quad \textcircled{A}$$

$$m(\text{соди}) = 44 \text{ г}$$

$$m(\text{спирта}) = 23 \text{ г}$$

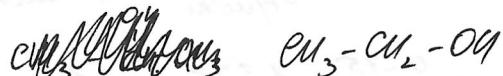
$$m(\text{NaOH}) = m(\text{соди}) + m(\text{спирта}) - m(\text{Ca. эп.}) =$$

$$= 44 \text{ г} + 23 \text{ г} - 47 \text{ г} = 20 \text{ г}$$

$$\mathcal{V}(\text{NaOH}) = \frac{20 \text{ г}}{40 \text{ г/моль}} = 0.5 \text{ моль}$$

$$\mathcal{V}(\text{спирта}) = \mathcal{V}(\text{NaOH}) = 0.5 \text{ моль}$$

$$M(\text{спирта}) = \frac{23 \text{ г}}{0.5 \text{ моль}} = 46 \text{ г/моль.}$$

спирт однокарбоновый,  $\Rightarrow$  к-та двухосновная, тогда

$$M(\text{Ca. эп.}) = \frac{47 \text{ г}}{0.5 \text{ моль}} \cdot 2 = \frac{188}{0.5} \text{ г/моль.}$$

$$M(R - \overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{II}}{\text{C}}} - \text{O} - \text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2 = 146 \text{ г/моль}$$

$$M(R) = 188 - 146 = 42 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow \text{CH}_3\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{II}}{\text{C}}} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{II}}{\text{C}}} - \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$$

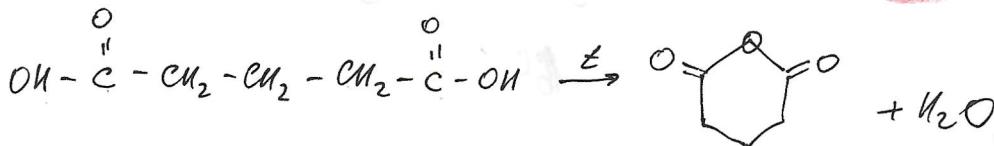
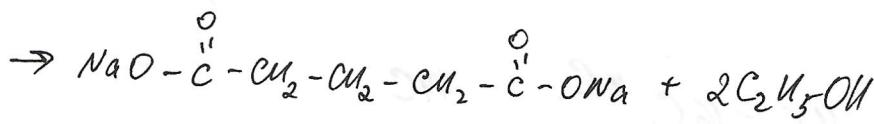
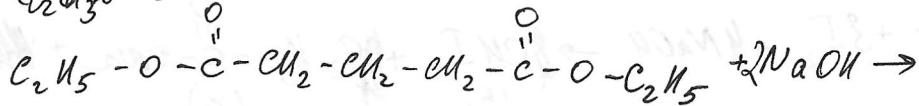


(A)

ЛИСТ-ВКЛАДЫШ

чертёжник

чертёжник



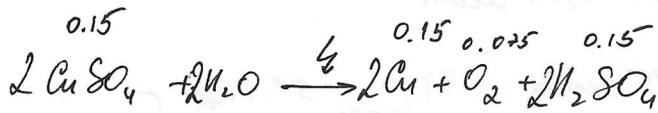
$$132 - 100\%$$

$$114 - x\% \quad x = 86,36\%$$

$$\Delta m = 13,64\%$$

8.4

$$m(\text{сплав}) = 53.8\text{г}$$

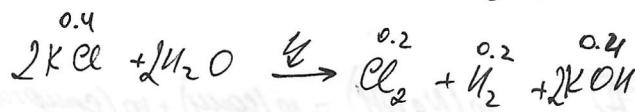


$$V(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0,45\text{л} = 450\text{г}$$



$$\frac{V(a)}{V(K)} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m(\text{Cu}) = 9.6\text{г}$$



$$D(\text{Cu}) = \frac{9.6\text{г}}{64\text{г/моль}} = 0,15 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(\text{CuSO}_4) = 0,15 \cdot 160 = 24\text{г}$$

$$m(\text{KCl}) = 53.8\text{г} - 24\text{г} = 29.8\text{г}$$

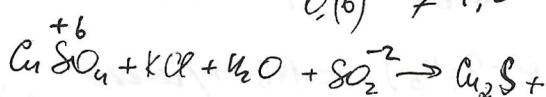
$$D(\text{KCl}) = \frac{29.8\text{г}}{74.5\text{г/моль}} = 0.4 \text{ моль.}$$

$$\frac{V(a)}{V(K)} = \frac{0.075 + 0.2}{0.2} = \frac{0.275}{0.2} = \frac{1.375}{1} \neq \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow \text{закономерность}.$$



$$0.6 \neq 1,375$$

$$\frac{V(a)}{V(K)} = \frac{0.075 + 0.2 + 2x}{0.2 + x}$$



$$\frac{0.275 + 2x}{0.2 + x} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$0.4 + 2x = 0.825 + 6x$$

$$0.4 - 0.825 = 6x - 2x$$