



МОСКОВСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ имени М.В.ЛОМОНОСОВА

Вариант 1

Место проведения Москва
город

ПИСЬМЕННАЯ РАБОТА

Олимпиада школьников Ломоносов
название олимпиады

по Химии
профиль олимпиады

Петрова Михаила Валерьевича
фамилия, имя, отчество участника (в родительном падеже)

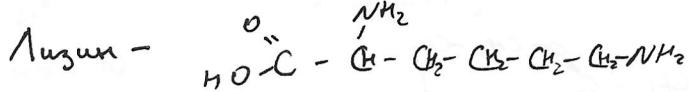
Дата

«03» марта 2024 года

Подпись участника

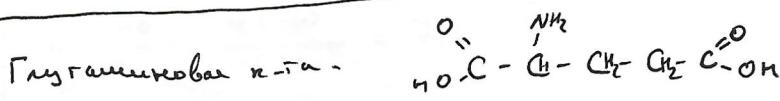
А.Петр-

N1.5

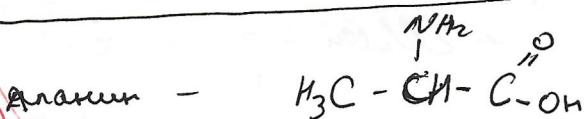


Банка

3 +



2 +



1 +

N2.1

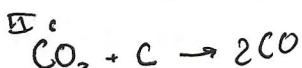
$$\bar{M}_{(\text{смес})} = 21,2 \cdot 2 = 42,4 \text{ г/моль}$$

Пусть $\text{J}(\text{CO}) = x \text{ моль}$ $\text{J}(\text{CO}_2) = y \text{ моль}$, тогда

$$\frac{28x + 44y}{x+y} = 42,4$$

$$14,4x = 1,6y$$

$$9x = y \quad +$$



$$\frac{\text{J}(\text{CO}_2)_\text{п} \text{ моль} - a \text{ моль}}{g} \rightarrow \text{J}(\text{CO})_t = 2a$$

n a

C g-a

1+2a

$$\frac{g-a + 1+2a}{g+1} = 1,5 \quad +$$

$$10+a=15$$

$$a=5 \quad +$$

 $\text{J}(\text{CO}_2) = 4 \text{ моль}$ $\text{J}(\text{CO}) = 11 \text{ моль}$, тогда

$$M_{(\text{смес})} = \frac{28 \cdot 11 + 4 \cdot 44}{15} = 32,27 \text{ г/моль} \quad +$$

$$D(\text{но } M_2) = \frac{32,27}{2} = 16,13 \quad +$$

Одн. 16,13



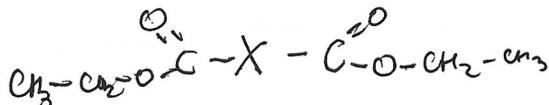
Из закона сохранения масс получаем:

$$m(\text{NaOH}) = 67 - 47 = 20 \text{ г.}$$

$$\text{J}(\text{NaOH}) = \frac{20}{40} = 0,5 \text{ моль} = \text{J}(\text{спирта})$$

$$M(\text{спирта}) = \frac{23}{0,5} = 46 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow \text{спирт } \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \quad +$$

$$M(\text{А}) = \frac{42}{0,25} = 168 \text{ г/моль}$$

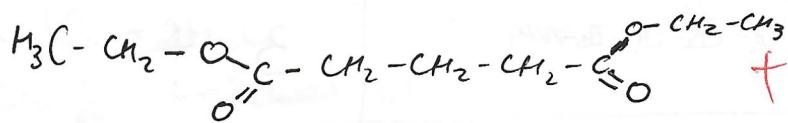


$$M(x) = 168 - 90 - 56 = 42$$

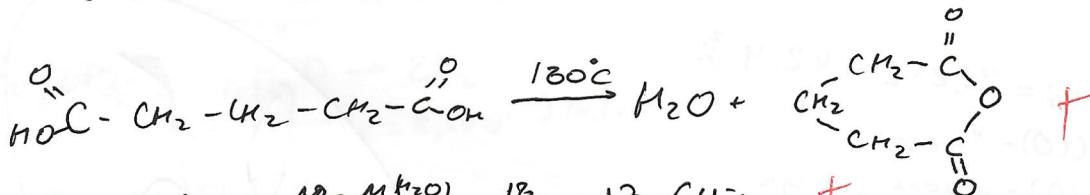
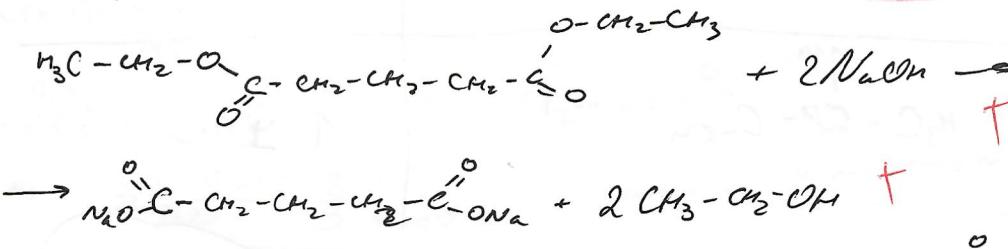
$$X = \text{C}_3\text{H}_8 \quad +$$

ЛИСТ-ВКЛАДЫШ Числовые

Тогда структурная форма зерна:



Реакции:



$$\text{Потеря массы: } \frac{m(\text{H}_2\text{O})}{m(\text{H}_3\text{C})} = \frac{18}{132} = 13,64\%$$

Orber: 13,64% +

N4.4



$$Q_{\text{реакции}} = Q_{\text{спр}}(\text{CO}_2) \cdot 3 + 3Q_{\text{спр}}(\text{H}_2\text{O}) - Q_{\text{спр}}(\text{C}_3\text{H}_6) = 3 \cdot 393,5 + 3 \cdot 241,8 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м}} + \\ + 20,4 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м}} = 1926,3 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м}} \text{ H}_2\text{O} +$$

В смеси: 3 моль CO₂

3 моль H₂O

25,5 моль O₂

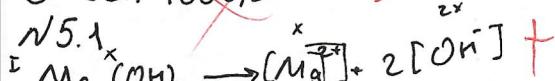
$$C_{\text{смеси}} = 3 \cdot 53,5 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м} \cdot \text{к}} + 3 \cdot 43 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м} \cdot \text{к}} + 25,5 \cdot 34,7 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м} \cdot \text{к}} = 1174,35 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м} \cdot \text{к}} +$$

$$Q = C \cdot \alpha t$$

$$\alpha t = \frac{Q}{C} = \frac{1926300 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м}}}{1174,35 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{м} \cdot \text{к}}} = 1640,31 \text{ К} +$$

$$t_{\text{max}} = 1640,31 + 25 = 1665,31^\circ\text{C} ?$$

Orber: 1665,31 °C + 1432



$$HP = x \cdot 2x^2 = 4x^3 +$$

$$x^3 = \frac{3,1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{4} = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$C = x = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ м}$$

$$S = x \cdot M = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 59,5 = 7,1995 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ м}^2$$

$$\text{II } \text{OH}^- = 2x = 2 \cdot 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} = 2,42 \cdot 10^{-4} +$$

$$\text{H}^+ = \frac{10^{-14}}{2,42 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 4,13 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{pH} = -\lg[\text{H}^+] = 10,38 +$$

$$\text{III} \quad H^+ = 10^{-12,5}$$

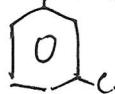
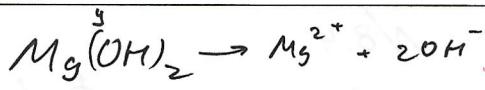
$$OH^- = 10^{-11,5}$$

$$NP = y \cdot (10^{-1,5})^2$$

$$y = \frac{NP}{(10^{-1,5})^2} = \frac{7,1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{(10^{-1,5})^2} = 7,1 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

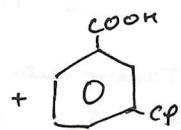
$$C = 7,1 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$S = 7,1 \cdot 10^{-9} \cdot 59,5 = 4,2245 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

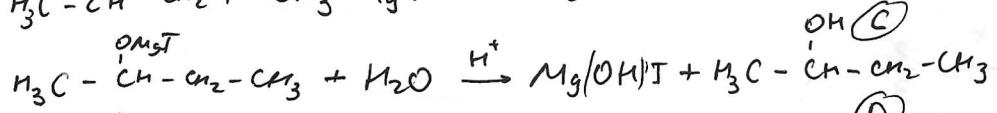
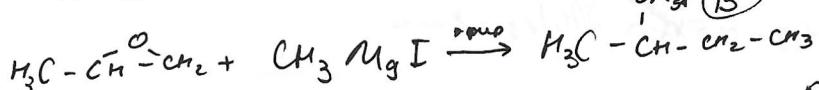


(A)

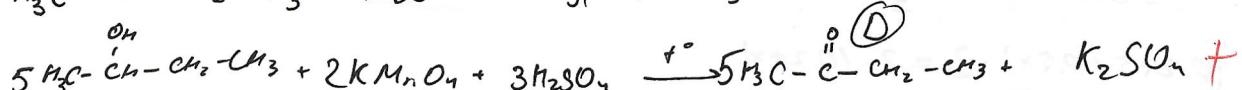
(B)



+

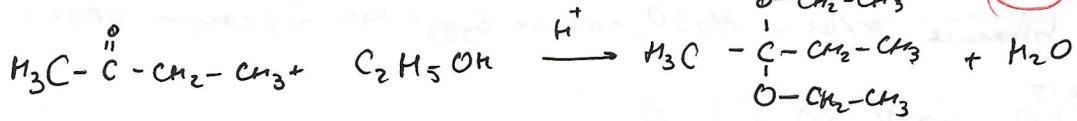


(C)



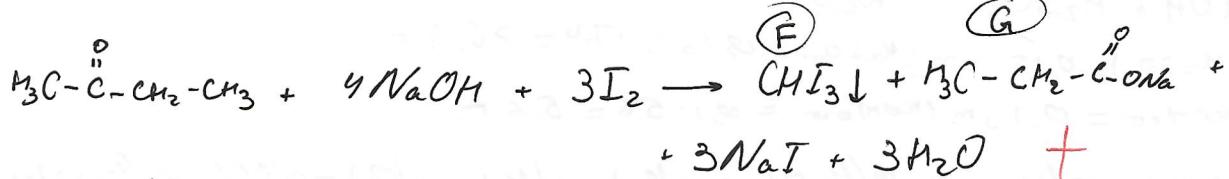
(D)

+



(E)

+



(F)

(G)

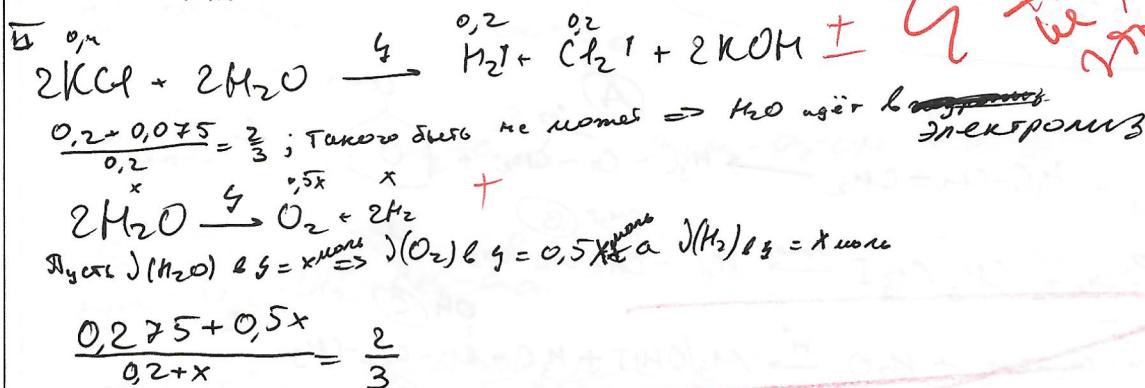
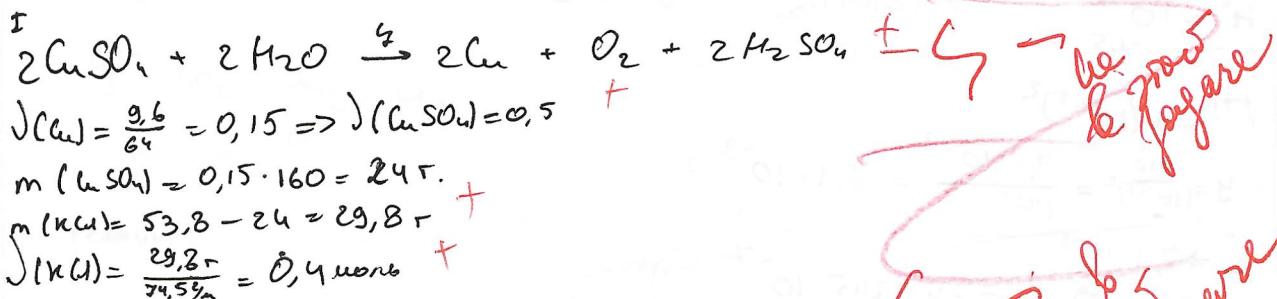
$$\text{J(D)} = \frac{10,2}{72} = 0,15 \text{ моле;}$$

$$\text{J(F)} = 0,75 \cdot 0,15 = 0,1125 \text{ моле}$$

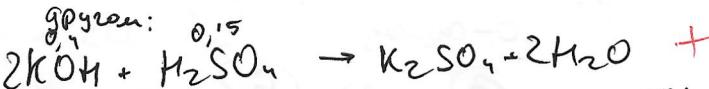
$$\text{m(CHI}_3\text{)} = 0,1125 \cdot 394 = 44,325 \text{ г.}$$

Отвес: 44,325 г.

№8.4



После Δ осталось KOH и K_2SO_4 , которые будут в реальности группироваться



$$\downarrow (\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0,15; m(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0,15 \cdot 174 = 26,1 \text{ г}$$

$$\downarrow (\text{KOH})_{\text{ост}} = 0,1; m(\text{KOH})_{\text{ост}} = 0,1 \cdot 56 = 5,6 \text{ г.}$$

$$m(\text{прод}) = m(\text{ CuCl }) + m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) + m(\text{Cu}) - m(\text{H}_2) - m(\text{O}_2) - m(\text{Cl}_2) - m(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) =$$

$$= 53,8 + 450 - 9,6 - 0,4 - 15,3 - 2,4 - 14,2 = 461,9 \text{ г}$$

$$\downarrow w(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = \frac{26,1 \text{ г}}{461,9 \text{ г}} \cdot 100\% = 5,65\%$$

$$\downarrow w(\text{KOH})_{\text{ост}} = \frac{5,6}{461,9} \cdot 100\% = 1,21\%$$

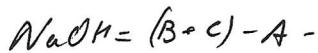
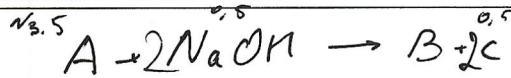


$$m(\text{CuCl}) = 0,15 \cdot 99,5 = 14,925 \text{ г}$$

$$\text{Ошибка: } w(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = 5,65\%$$

$$w(\text{KOH})_{\text{ост}} = 1,21\%$$

$$m(\text{CuCl})_{\text{остат}} = 14,925 \text{ г.}$$



$$m(\text{NaOH}) = 67 - 47 = 20$$

$$M(A) = \frac{47}{0,25} = 188$$

$$\rho(\text{NaOH}) = \frac{20}{40} = 0,5 \text{ моль}$$

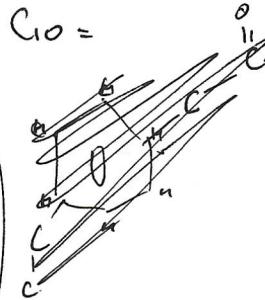
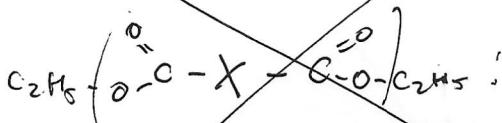
$$\rho(B) = 176$$

$$\frac{1}{M(\text{NaOH})} = 0,5 \Rightarrow \rho(C) = 0,5$$

$$M(\text{спирт}) = \frac{23}{0,5} = 46 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow \text{спирт} - \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$$

$$M(A) = \frac{47}{0,5} = 94$$

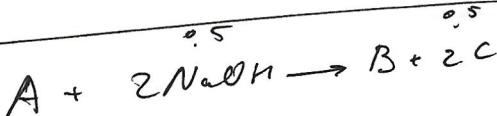
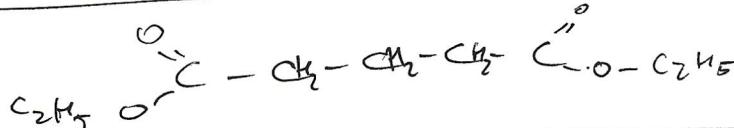
$$M(A) = \frac{47}{0,25} = 188$$



$$M(X) = 188 - 188 - 94 = (2 \cdot 45 + 28) \cdot 2 =$$

$$42 \times 188 - 90 = 98$$

$$X = 98 - 88 = 10$$



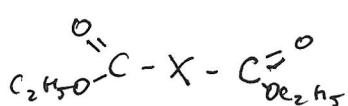
$$m(\text{NaOH}) = 67 - 47 = 20$$

$$\rho(\text{NaOH}) = \frac{20}{40} = 0,5 \text{ моль}$$

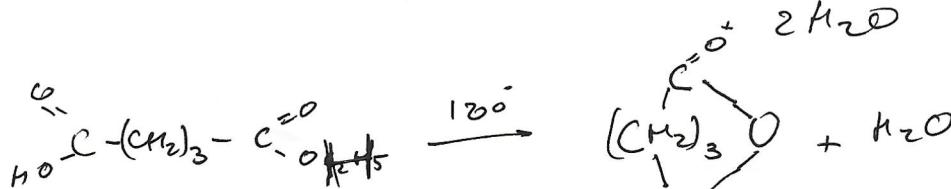
$$M(\text{спирт}) = \frac{23}{0,5} = 46 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow \text{спирт} - \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$$

$$M(A) = \frac{47}{0,25} = 188$$

$$M(X) = 188 - 90 - 56 = 42$$



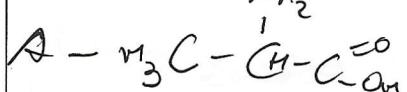
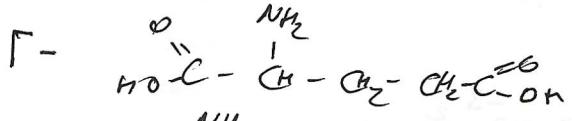
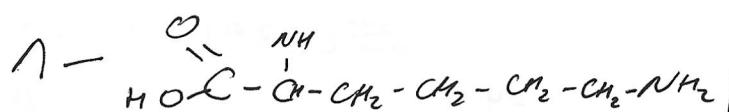
$$X = \text{C}_3\text{H}_6$$



$$M(\text{кетон}) = 132$$

$$\frac{18}{132} = 13,64\%$$

№1.5



Банки

3

2

1

~~Для синтеза б.~~

№2.1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{J(CO)} &= x \text{ моль} \\ \text{J(CO}_2\text{)} &= y \text{ моль} \end{aligned}$$

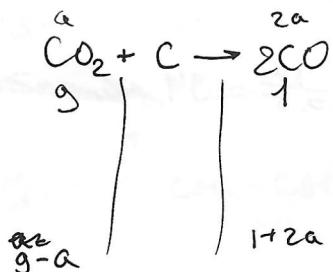
$$M_{\text{смеси}} = 21,2 \cdot 2 = 42,4 \text{ г/моль}$$

$$\frac{28x + 44y}{x+y} = 42,4$$

$$42,4x + 42,4y = 28x + 44y$$

$$14,4x = 1,6y$$

$$9x = y$$



$$\frac{(g-a) + (1+2a)}{g+1} = 1,5$$

$$g-a + 1+2a = 1,5$$

$$a=5$$

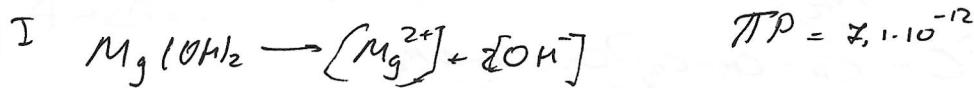
$$\text{J(CO}_2\text{)} = 4$$

$$\text{J(W)} = 11$$

$$M_{\text{смеси}} = \frac{28 \cdot 11 + 4 \cdot 44}{15} = 32,27$$

$$D/\text{но H}_2 = 16,13$$

№ 5.1



$$\text{ПР} = X \cdot 2x^2 = 4x^3$$

$$X = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\text{ПР}}{4}}$$

$$X = \sqrt[3]{\frac{7,1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{4}} = \sqrt[3]{1,775 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

~~$$C = x = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ моль/л}$$~~

$$S = x \cdot M = 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 59,5 = 7,1995 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ г/л}$$

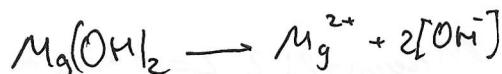
II

$$\text{ОГ} = 2x = 2 \cdot 1,21 \cdot 10^{-4} = 2,42 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{Н}^+ = \frac{10^{-14}}{2,42 \cdot 10^{-4}} = 4,13 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{PH} = -\lg[\text{H}^+] = 10,38$$

~~$$\text{III} \quad \text{Н}^+ = 10^{-12,5}$$~~



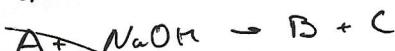
~~$$\text{ОГ} = 10^{-1,5}$$~~

$$\text{ПР} = y \cdot (10^{-1,5})^2$$

$$y = \frac{\text{ПР}}{(10^{-1,5})^2} = \frac{7,1 \cdot 10^{-12}}{(10^{-1,5})^2} = 7,1 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$S = y \cdot M = 7,1 \cdot 10^{-9} \cdot 59,5 = 4,2245 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

№ 3.5

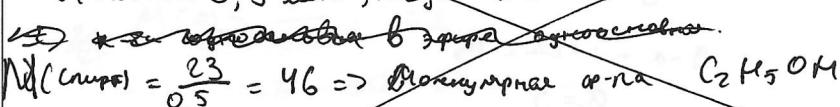
~~Из условия сохранение массы получаем:~~

~~$$m(\text{NaOH}) = 46 \cancel{г/моль} (44+23) - 47 = 20 \text{ г}$$~~

~~$$J(\text{NaOH}) = 0,5 \text{ моль}, 10 \text{ грамм} \quad J(A) = 0,5 \text{ моль}$$~~

$$J = \frac{m}{M}$$

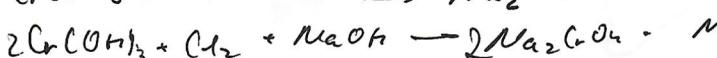
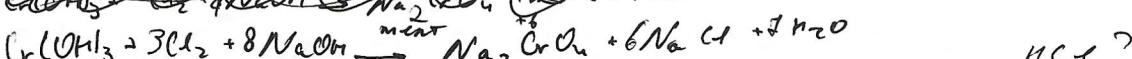
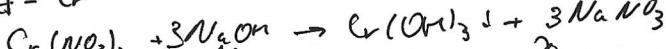
~~$$M(A) = \frac{47}{0,5} = 94, \text{ граммы}$$~~



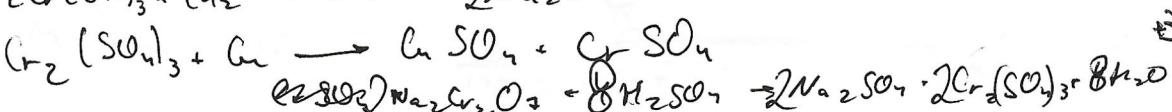
~~$$X = M(\text{этапа}) - M(\text{этапа}) - 44 = 9 \text{ граммы}$$~~

~~$$\text{но задача } X = M(\text{этапа}) - (12 \cdot 3 + 32 + 5) = 21$$~~

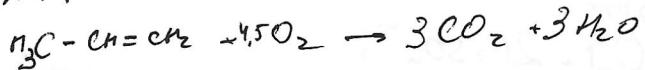
A - Cr



+ 30 ~



№4.4



$$\text{Q}_{\text{реак}} = 3 \cdot Q_{\text{адп}}(CO_2) + 3 \cdot Q_{\text{адп}}(H_2O) + Q_{\text{оср}}(C_3H_6) = 3 \cdot 393,5 + 3 \cdot 241,8 \\ + 20,4 = 1926,3 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$$

В системе: 3 моль CO_2

3 моль H_2O 25,5 моль O_2

Система: ~~828325~~

$$C(CO_2) = 3 \cdot 53,5 = 160,5 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$C(H_2O) = 3 \cdot 43 = 129 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$C(O_2) = 25,5 \cdot 34,2 = 884,8 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$\text{Система} = 160,5 + 129 + 884,85 =$$

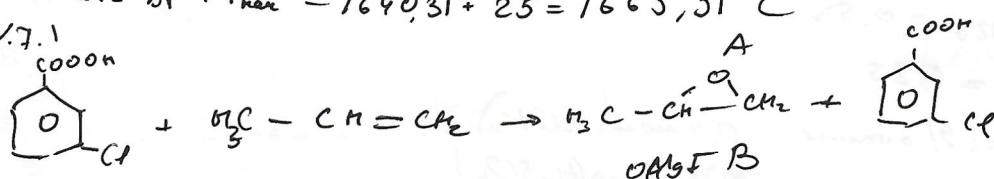
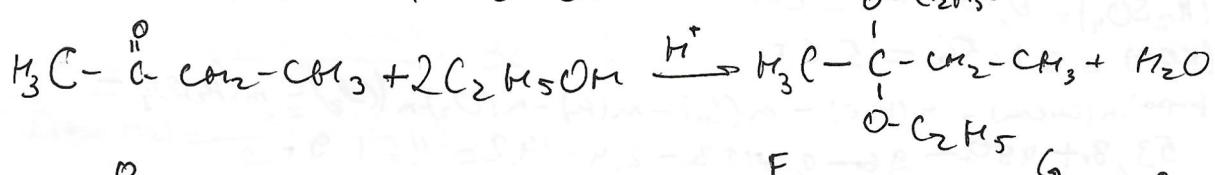
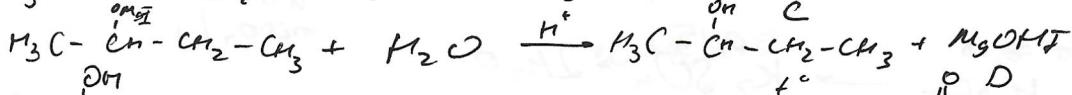
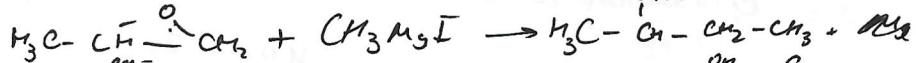
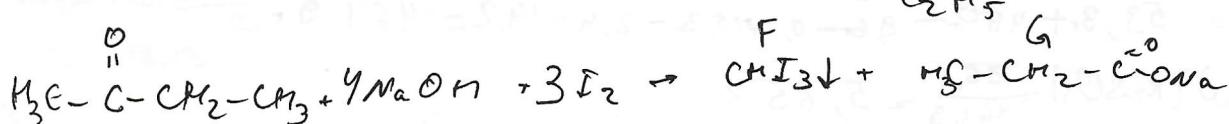
$$= 1174,35 \frac{\text{Дж}}{\text{моль}}$$

$$Q = C \cdot \alpha + \Delta$$

$$\alpha = \frac{Q}{C} = \frac{1926,3}{1174,35} = 1640,31 \text{ К}$$

$$\delta_{\text{max}} = \alpha + t_{\text{наз}} = 1640,31 + 25 = 1665,31 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

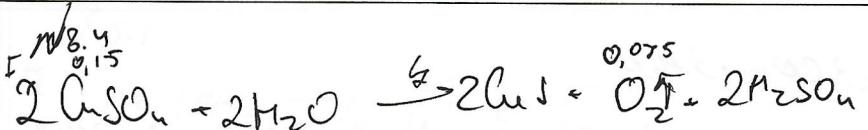
№7.1

~~или~~ BE
 $O-C_2H_5$ F
 $O-C_2H_5$ 

$$\Delta D = \frac{10,8}{72} = 0,15 \text{ моль}$$

$$\Delta D \cdot \eta = 0,75 \Rightarrow \Delta F = 0,75 \cdot 0,15 = 0,1125 \text{ моль}$$

$$m(F) = 0,1125 \cdot 394 = 44,325 \text{ г}$$

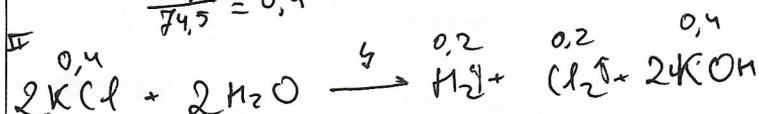


$$J(\text{Cu}) = \frac{96}{64} = 0,15 \Rightarrow J(\text{CuSO}_4) = 0,15$$

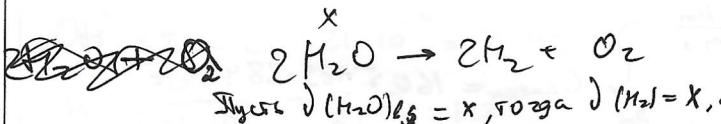
$$m(\text{CuSO}_4) = 0,15 \cdot 160 = 24 \text{ г}$$

$$m(\text{KCl}) = 53,8 - 24 = 29,8 \text{ г}$$

$$J(\text{KCl}) = \frac{29,8}{74,5} = 0,4$$



$$\text{III} \quad \frac{0,2 + 0,075}{0,2} = \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{такое же не может} \Rightarrow \text{1 электрон побег борьба, тогда}$$



$$\text{тогда } J(\text{H}_2\text{O})_1 = x, \text{ тогда } J(\text{H}_2) = x, \text{ а } J(\text{O}_2) = 0,5x$$

$$\frac{0,2 + 0,075 + 0,5x}{0,2 + x} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(0,275 + 0,5x)3 = (0,2+x)2$$

$$0,825 + 1,5x = 0,4 + 2x$$

$$0,425 = 0,5x$$

$$x = 0,85$$

После (3) получим: 0,4 моль (KOH)

и 0,15 моль (H₂SO₄)



$$\text{KOH} \quad | 2 \\ \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \quad | 1$$

$$0,15 \text{ (K}_2\text{SO}_4\text{).}$$

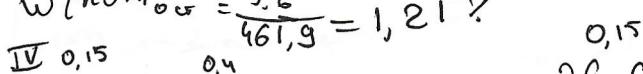
$$\text{V} \quad m(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = 0,15 \cdot 174 = 26,1 \text{ г.}$$

$$m(\text{KOH}) = 0,1 \cdot 56 = 5,6 \text{ г.}$$

$$m(\text{Fe-раствор}) = m(\text{смеси}) - m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) - m(\text{Cu}) - m(\text{K}) - m(\text{O}_2) - m(\text{Cl}_2) - m(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2 = \\ = 53,8 \text{ г} + 450 \text{ г} - 9,6 \text{ г} - 0,4 \text{ г} - 15,3 \text{ г} - 2,4 \text{ г} - 14,2 \text{ г} = 461,9 \text{ г}$$

$$\omega(\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4) = \frac{26,1}{461,9} = 5,65\%$$

$$\omega(\text{KOH}) = \frac{5,6}{461,9} = 1,21\%$$



$$m(\text{CuCl}) = 0,15 \cdot 99,5 = 14,925 \text{ г.}$$