

Олимпиада для школьников
«ЛОМОНОСОВ»
2022-2023

Отборочный этап

5-7 классы

Блок 1. Прочитайте текст об охране окружающей среды. Все предложения текста разделены на две части, первые части предложений даны в порядке оригинального текста, вторые части даны в неправильном порядке. Соедините две части предложений так, чтобы получился связный текст. Каждая часть используется только один раз.

10 БАЛЛОВ

What is conservation?

1. Conservation is a careful management of natural **resources and of the environment.**
2. It protects the environment for future **generations, saves money, and increases efficiency in the kitchen.**
3. Conservation is equally important for both **nonrenewable and renewable resources.**
4. To conserve energy, **it is important to use major appliances efficiently.**
5. Water can be conserved by **using eight water-saving habits.**
6. Decrease trash and waste by **reducing consumption, reusing materials, and recycling wherever possible.**
7. As the world's population increases, **there are fewer resources available for each person, and people often use more than they need.**
8. By **looking for solutions and taking simple actions, we can conserve valuable resources.**
9. Think how you can make a difference when it comes to **saving our planet's resources.**
10. You could design and create a colorful poster on conservation to be **hung in your school to inform about possible conservation solutions in their life.**

Блок 2. Составьте предложения из предложенных слов и знаков препинания. Все слова должны быть использованы. Первое слово предложения дано с заглавной буквы. В предложении должны быть соблюдены нормы синтаксических, лексических и логических связей между словами.

10 БАЛЛОВ

A cycle map

1. A specific type of events chain is a cycle map.
2. It is used when the series of events do not produce a final outcome.
3. They relate back to the beginning event.
4. Therefore, the cycle repeats itself.
5. To make a cycle map, first decide what event is the beginning event.
6. This is also called the initiating event.
7. Then list the next events in the order that they occur.

8. Words can be written between the events that describe what happens from one event to the next.
9. The number of events in a cycle map can vary.
10. The most typical cycle map contains three or more events.

Блок 3. Заполните пропуски глаголами, предложенными в списке. Преобразуйте грамматическую форму глаголов, согласуя их с контекстом. Используйте каждый глагол только один раз.

Помните, глагол изменяется по категориям *грамматического аспекта и времени, лица, числа, залога, наклонения*; у глагола есть *неличные формы глагола* (инфинитив -- полный и неполный, герундий и причастие – действительного или страдательного залога)

10 БАЛЛОВ

Recipes

Recipes are part of our life. But what do we know about them? Are we supposed 1. **to stick** to them in every little detail? Actually not.

You can make personal changes to recipes for many reasons. You may want to substitute an ingredient for health reasons or because you want a certain flavor. You might want to be creative and try something new. Some recipes 2. **handle** change better than others. Substitutions usually 3. **work** fine in recipes where the ingredients act more or less independently of each other—vegetables in a stir-fry, for example. Other recipes, like most recipes for cookies, cakes or pies, require exact ingredients and precise measurements. Recipes for these items are like chemical formulas. Ingredients 4. **blend** together to create a certain effect. If you 5. **change** one amount or leave out one ingredient, the food may 6. **be ruined**. Most recipes, 7. **including** those for cakes, can be doubled. 8. **Multiply** the amount of each ingredient by two and follow the same steps. For a double recipe of a 9. **baked** product, use two baking pans of the original size rather than one large pan. Do not decrease the yield of cookies or cakes unless a recipe for such an item can 10. **be cut** in half exactly. What should you do if decreasing a recipe is not workable? Prepare the original amount and freeze the leftovers for another meal or share them with friends.

Блок 4. Прочитайте текст про скульптуру. Установите истинность утверждений – TRUE, FALSE или NOT STATED.

8 БАЛЛОВ

Если утверждения истинные или ложные, найдите в тексте доказательство и приведите его в объяснении ответа.

7 БАЛЛОВ

Например:

1. It is true because, according to the text, theatre involves both dance and singing.
2. It is false because, according to the text, cinema was created much later than theatre.
3. It is not stated in the text.

Далее так же с вопросами 4-8.

Sculpture

Sculpture is a three-dimensional visual art. Paintings, drawings, and photographs are all two-dimensional, or flat.

Sculptures are most often shaped by carving, molding, or welding materials. Some are formed by making a cast—that is, by pouring a liquid in a mold and letting it harden.

Sculpture, like other arts, is often made to express thoughts or feelings. People who look at it might respond with thoughts or feelings of their own. Because it can have shape and texture, sculpture may appeal to our sense of touch.

Some sculptures are realistic. Until the middle of the 20th century, most sculpture was made to look like some person or thing. The giant stone faces on Easter Island, like much traditional sculpture, may have been created to honor gods or heroes. Other famous realistic sculptures include Michelangelo's "David" and Auguste Rodin's "The Thinker." Some modern sculptures may be abstract. This means they only hint at an object or an idea. They may not look like people or things you would recognize. These sculptures try to communicate a pure feeling or idea.

Sculptures come in all sizes, shapes, textures, and materials. Sculptors may use soft materials such as clay, wax, or wood or harder materials such as stone or metal. Sometimes the materials aren't even meant to last. One artist makes sculptures out of milk!

The modern sculptor Alexander Calder made sculptures that hang in the air. He called these "mobiles," which means "moving things." Another modern sculptor, named Christo, makes sculptures by wrapping such things as bridges, buildings, and even small islands in fabric and plastic.

1. Sculpture is a form of performing art. False
2. Sculpture is made with the use of various techniques. True
3. Sculpture can be perceived only through touch. False
4. Some sculptures have a religious function. True
5. Auguste Rodin's sculpture is less well-known than Michelangelo's works. Not Stated
6. Abstract sculpture is not always realistic. True
7. Sculpture can be made only of solid materials. False
8. New forms and techniques of sculpture are still being created. True

Блок 5. Письменная речь.

Опишите фотографию, отвечая на вопросы: где могла быть сделана фотография; кто изображён на фотографии – опишите их; что они делают; как они в данный момент относятся друг к другу; какие чувства в Вас вызывает данная фотография?

55 БАЛЛОВ (СОДЕРЖАНИЕ 15 БАЛЛОВ, ЯЗЫКОВАЯ СОСТАВЛЯЮЩАЯ 40 БАЛЛОВ)

Describe the photo below.

Answer the following questions:



- Where might the picture have been taken?
- Who are the participants of the event/situation? Describe them.
- What are they doing?
- What are they feeling towards each/one another?
- What emotions does the photo evoke in you?

Write your answer in **80-100** words.